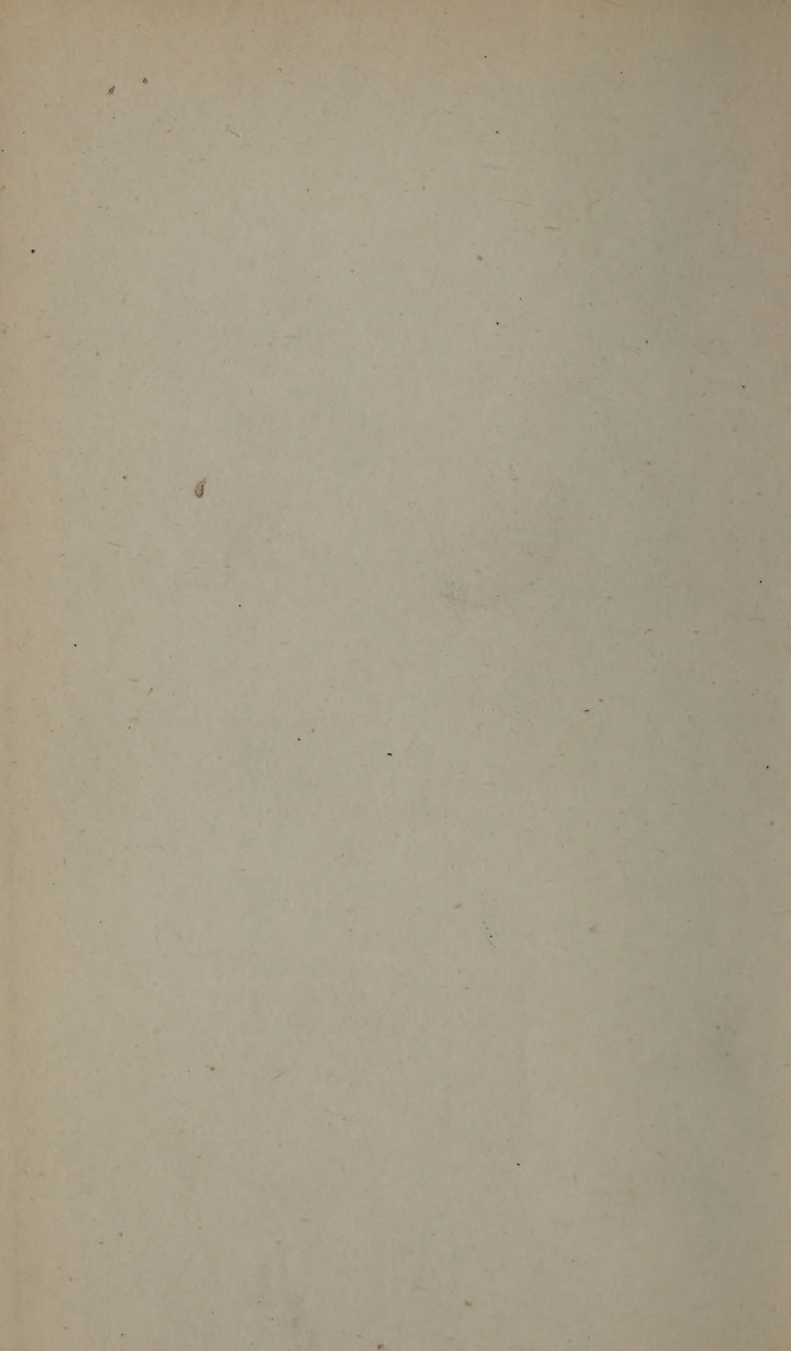






CHRISTUS

A MYSTERY

BY

HENRY WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW

PART III. — THE NEW ENGLAND TRAGEDIES.

BOSTON

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SECOND INTERLUDE

MARTIN LUTHER

MARTIN LUTHER

A Church hymn, by Martin Luther.

1529.

MARTIN LUTHER.

OUR GOD, A FATHER, WHO IS HIGH,

Who sits enthroned above the sky,

From whom all things do come to pass,

That now to us doth grace impart,

Thy mercy, Lord, be ever kind,

Thy love be ours, thy grace be kind,

Thy love be ours, thy grace be kind,

Thy love be ours, thy grace be kind,

Thy love be ours, thy grace be kind,

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Thy love be ours, thy grace be kind,

MARTIN LUTHER

*A Chamber in the Wartburg. Morning. MARTIN LUTHER,
writing.*

MARTIN LUTHER.

OUR God, a Tower of Strength is he,
A goodly wall and weapon ;
From all our need he helps us free,
That now to us doth happen.

The old evil foe
Doth in earnest grow,
In grim armor dight,
Much guile and great might ;
On earth there is none like him.

O yes ; a tower of strength indeed,
A present help in all our need,
A sword and buckler is our God.
Innocent men have walked unshod
O'er burning ploughshares, and have trod
Unharm'd on serpents in their path,
And laugh'd to scorn the Devil's wrath !

Safe in this Wartburg tower I stand
Where God hath led me by the hand,
And look down, with a heart at ease,
Over the pleasant neighborhoods,

Over the vast Thuringian Woods,
 With flash of river, and gloom of trees,
 With castles crowning the dizzy heights,
 And farms and pastoral delights,
 And the morning pouring everywhere
 Its golden glory on the air.
 Safe, yes, safe am I here at last,
 Safe from the overwhelming blast
 Of the mouths of Hell, that followed me fast,
 And the howling demons of despair
 That hunted me like a beast to his lair.

Of our own might we nothing can ;
 We soon are unprotected ;
 There fighteth for us the right Man,
 Whom God himself elected.
 Who is he ; ye exclaim ?
 Christus is his name,
 Lord of Sabaoth,
 Very God in troth ;
 The field he holds forever.

Nothing can vex the Devil more
 Than the name of Him whom we adore.
 Therefore doth it delight me best
 To stand in the choir among the rest,
 With the great organ trumpeting
 Through its metallic tubes, and sing :
Et verbum caro factum est !
 These words the Devil cannot endure,

For he knoweth their meaning well !
Him they trouble and repel,
Us they comfort and allure,
And happy it were, if our delight
Were as great as his affright !
Yea, music is the Prophets' art ;
Among the gifts that God hath sent,
One of the most magnificent !
It calms the agitated heart ;
Temptations, evil thoughts, and all
The passions that disturb the soul,
Are quelled by its divine control,
As the Evil Spirit fled from Saul,
And his distemper was allayed,
When David took his harp and played.

This world may full of Devils be,
All ready to devour us ;
Yet not so sore afraid are we,
They shall not overpower us.

 This World's Prince, howe'er
 Fierce he may appear,
 He can harm us not,
 He is doomed, Got wot !
One little word can slay him !

Incredible it seems to some
And to myself a mystery,
That such weak flesh and blood as we,
Armed with no other shield or sword,

Or other weapon than the Word,
Should combat and should overcome,
A spirit powerful as he !
He summons forth the Pope of Rome
With all his diabolic crew,
His shorn and shaven retinue
Of priests and children of the dark ;
Kill ! kill ! they cry, the Heresiarch,
Who rouseth up all Christendom
Against us ; and at one fell blow
Seeks the whole Church to overthrow !
Not yet ; my hour is not yet come.

Yesterday in an idle mood,
Hunting with others in the wood,
I did not pass the hours in vain,
For in the very heart of all
The joyous tumult raised around,
Shouting of men, and baying of hound,
And the bugle's blithe and cheery call,
And echoes answering back again,
From crags of the distant mountain chain, —
In the very heart of this, I found
A mystery of grief and pain.
It was an image of the power
Of Satan, hunting the world about,
With his nets and traps and well-trained dogs,
His bishops and priests and theologues,
And all the rest of the rabble rout,

Seeking whom he may devour !
Enough have I had of hunting hares,
Enough of these hours of idle mirth,
Enough of nets and traps and gins !
The only hunting of any worth
Is where I can pierce with javelins
The cunning foxes and wolves and bears
The whole iniquitous troop of beasts,
The Roman Pope and the Roman priests
That sorely infest and afflict the earth !

Ye nuns, ye singing birds of the air !
The fowler hath caught you in his snare,
And keeps you safe in his gilded cage
Singing the song that never tires,
To lure down others from their nests ;
How ye flutter and beat your breasts,
Warm and soft with young desires
Against the cruel pitiless wires,
Reclaiming your lost heritage !
Behold ! a hand unbars the door,
Ye shall be captives held no more.

The Word they shall perforce let stand,
And little thanks they merit !
For He is with us in the land,
With gifts of his own Spirit !
 Though they take our life,
 Goods, honors, child and wife,

Let these pass away,
Little gain have they ;
The Kingdom still remaineth !

Yea, it remaineth forevermore,
However Satan may rage and roar,
Though often he whispers in my ears :
What if thy doctrines false should be ?
And wrings from me a bitter sweat.
Then I put him to flight with jeers,
Saying : Saint Satan ! pray for me ;
If thou thinkest I am not saved yet !

And my mortal foes that lie in wait
In every avenue and gate !
As to that odious monk John Tetzels
Hawking about his hollow wares
Like a huckster at village fairs,
And those mischievous fellows, Wetzel,
Campanus, Carlstadt, Martin Cellarius,
And all the busy, multifarious
Heretics, and disciples of Arius,
Half-learned, dunce-bold, dry and hard,
They are not worthy of my regard,
Poor and humble as I am.

But ah ! Erasmus of Rotterdam,
He is the vilest miscreant
That ever walked this world below !

A Momus, making his mock and mow,
At papist and at protestant,
Sneering at St. John and St. Paul,
At God and Man, at one and all ;
And yet as hollow and false and drear,
As a cracked pitcher to the ear,
And ever growing worse and worse !
Whenever I pray, I pray for a curse
On Erasmus, the Insincere !

Philip Melancthon ! thou alone
Faithful among the faithless known,
Thee I hail, and only thee !
Behold the record of us three !

Res et verba Philippus,

Res sine verbis Lutherus ;

Erasmus verba sine re !

My Philip, prayest thou for me ?
Lifted above all earthly care,
From these high regions of the air,
Among the birds that day and night
Upon the branches of tall trees
Sing their lauds and litanies,
Praising God with all their might,
My Philip, unto thee I write.

My Philip ! thou who knowest best
All that is passing in this breast ;

The spiritual agonies,
The inward deaths, the inward hell,
And the divine new births as well,
That surely follow after these,
As after winter follows spring ;
My Philip, in the night-time sing
This song of the Lord I send to thee ;
And I will sing it for thy sake,
Until our answering voices make
A glorious antiphony,
And choral chant of victory !

THE
NEW-ENGLAND TRAGEDIES

I.

JOHN ENDICOTT

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

JOHN ENDICOTT, . . . *Governor.*

JOHN ENDICOTT, . . . *his son.*

RICHARD BELLINGHAM, . *Deputy Governor.*

JOHN NORTON, ... *Minister of the Gospel.*

EDWARD BUTTER, . . . *Treasurer.*

WALTER MERRY, . . . *Tithing-man.*

NICHOLAS UPSALL, . . *an old citizen.*

SAMUEL COLE, ... *Landlord of the Three Mariners.*

SIMON KEMPTHORN, }
RALPH GOLDSMITH, } . *Sea-Captains.*

WENLOCK CHRISTISON, }
EDITH, *his daughter,* } *Quakers.*
EDWARD WHARTON, }

Assistants, Halberdiers, Marshal, &c.

The Scene is in Boston in the year 1665.

PROLOGUE.

TO-NIGHT we strive to read, as we may best,
This city, like an ancient palimpsest ;
And bring to light, upon the blotted page,
The mournful record of an earlier age,
That, pale and half effaced, lies hidden away
Beneath the fresher writing of to-day.

Rise, then, O buried city that hast been ;
Rise up, rebuilt in the painted scene,
And let our curious eyes behold once more
The pointed gable and the pent-house door,
The Meeting-house with leaden-latticed panes,
The narrow thoroughfares, the crooked lanes !

Rise, too, ye shapes and shadows of the Past,
Rise from your long-forgotten graves at last ;
Let us behold your faces, let us hear
The words ye uttered in those days of fear !
Revisit your familiar haunts again, —
The scenes of triumph, and the scenes of pain,
And leave the footprints of your bleeding feet
Once more upon the pavement of the street !

Nor let the Historian blame the Poet here,
If he perchance misdate the day or year,

And group events together, by his art,
 That in the Chronicles lie far apart ;
 For as the double stars, though sundered far,
 Seem to the naked eye a single star,
 So facts of history, at a distance seen,
 Into one common point of light convene.

“ Why touch upon such themes ? ” perhaps some
 friend

May ask, incredulous ; “ and to what good end ?
 Why drag again into the light of day
 The errors of an age long passed away ? ”
 I answer : “ For the lesson that they teach ;
 The tolerance of opinion and of speech.
 Hope, Faith, and Charity remain, — these three ;
 And greatest of them all is Charity.”

Let us remember, if these words be true,
 That unto all men Charity is due ;
 Give what we ask ; and pity, while we blame,
 Lest we become copartners in the shame,
 Lest we condemn, and yet ourselves partake,
 And persecute the dead for conscience' sake.

Therefore it is the author seeks and strives
 To represent the dead as in their lives,
 And lets at times his characters unfold
 Their thoughts in their own language, strong and
 bold ;

He only asks of you to do the like ;
 To hear him first, and, if you will, then strike.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *Sunday afternoon. The interior of the Meeting-house. On the pulpit, an hour-glass ; below, a box for contributions. JOHN NORTON in the pulpit. GOVERNOR ENDICOTT in a canopied seat, attended by four halberdiers. The congregation singing.*

THE Lord descended from above,
And bowed the heavens high ;
And underneath his feet he cast
The darkness of the sky.

On Cherubim and Seraphim
Right royally he rode,
And on the wings of mighty winds
Came flying all abroad.

NORTON (*rising and turning the hour-glass on the pulpit*).

I heard a great voice from the temple saying
Unto the Seven Angels, Go your ways ;
Pour out the vials of the wrath of God
Upon the earth. And the First Angel went

And poured his vial on the earth ; and straight
There fell a noisome and a grievous sore
On them which had the birth-mark of the Beast,
And them which worshipped and adored his image.
On us hath fallen this grievous pestilence.
There is a sense of horror in the air ;
And apparitions of things horrible
Are seen by many. From the sky above us
The stars fall ; and beneath us the earth quakes !
The sound of drums at midnight in the air,
The sound of horsemen riding to and fro,
As if the gates of the invisible world
Were opened, and the dead came forth to warn us,—
All these are omens of some dire disaster
Impending over us, and soon to fall.
Moreover, in the language of the Prophet,
Death is again come up into our windows,
To cut off little children from without,
And young men from the streets. And in the midst
Of all these supernatural threats and warnings
Doth Heresy uplift its horrid head ;
A vision of Sin more awful and appalling
Than any phantasm, ghost, or apparition,
As arguing and portending some enlargement
Of the mysterious Power of Darkness !

EDITH, barefooted, and clad in sackcloth, with her hair hanging loose upon her shoulders, walks slowly up the aisle, followed by WHARTON and other Quakers. The congregation starts up in confusion.

EDITH (*to NORTON, raising her hand*).

Peace!

NORTON.

Anathema maranatha! The Lord cometh!

EDITH.

Yea, verily he cometh, and shall judge
The shepherds of Israel, who do feed themselves,
And leave their flocks to eat what they have trodden
Beneath their feet.

NORTON.

Be silent, babbling woman!
St. Paul commands all women to keep silence
Within the churches.

EDITH.

Yet the women prayed
And prophesied at Corinth in his day;
And, among those on whom the fiery tongues
Of Pentecost descended, some were women!

NORTON.

The Elders of the Churches, by our law,
Alone have power to open the doors of speech
And silence in the Assembly. I command you!

EDITH.

The law of God is greater than your laws!
Ye build your church with blood, your town with
crime;
The heads thereof give judgment for reward;
The priests thereof teach only for their hire;
Your laws condemn the innocent to death;
And against this I bear my testimony!

NORTON.

What testimony?

EDITH.

That of the Holy Spirit;
Which, as your Calvin says, surpasseth reason.

NORTON.

The laborer is worthy of his hire.

EDITH.

Yet our great Master did not teach for hire,
And the Apostles without purse or scrip
Went forth to do his work. Behold this box
Beneath thy pulpit. Is it for the poor?
Thou canst not answer. It is for the Priest;
And against this I bear my testimony.

NORTON.

Away with all these Heretics and Quakers!
Quakers, forsooth! Because a quaking fell
On Daniel, at beholding of the Vision,
Must ye needs shake and quake? Because Isaiah
Went stripped and barefoot, must ye wail and howl?
Must ye go stripped and naked? must ye make
A wailing like the dragons, and a mourning
As of the owls? Ye verify the adage
That Satan is God's ape! Away with them!

*Tumult. The Quakers are driven out with violence, EDITH
following slowly. The congregation retires in confusion.*

Thus freely do the Reprobates commit
Such measure of iniquity as fits them

For the intended measure of God's wrath,
And even in violating God's commands
Are they fulfilling the divine decree !
The will of man is but an instrument
Disposed and predetermined to its action
According unto the decree of God,
Being as much subordinate thereto
As is the axe unto the hewer's hand !

*He descends from the pulpit, and joins GOVERNOR ENDICOTT,
who comes forward to meet him.*

The omens and the wonders of the time,
Famine, and fire, and shipwreck, and disease,
The blast of corn, the death of our young men,
Our sufferings in all precious, pleasant things,
Are manifestations of the wrath divine,
Signs of God's controversy with New England.
These emissaries of the Evil One,
These servants and ambassadors of Satan,
Are but commissioned executioners
Of God's vindictive and deserved displeasure.
We must receive them as the Roman Bishop
Once received Attila, saying, I rejoice
You have come safe, whom I esteem to be
The scourge of God, sent to chastise his people.
This very heresy, perchance, may serve
The purposes of God to some good end.
With you I leave it ; but do not neglect
The holy tactics of the civil sword.

ENDICOTT.

And what more can be done ?

NORTON.

The hand that cut
The Red Cross from the colors of the king
Can cut the red heart from this heresy.
Fear not. All blasphemies immediate
And heresies turbulent must be suppressed
By civil power.

ENDICOTT.

But in what way suppressed ?

NORTON.

The Book of Deuteronomy declares
That if thy son, thy daughter, or thy wife,
Ay, or the friend which is as thine own soul,
Entice thee secretly, and say to thee,
Let us serve other gods, then shall thine eye
Not pity him, but thou shalt surely kill him,
And thine own hand shall be the first upon him
To slay him.

ENDICOTT.

Four already have been slain ;
And others banished upon pain of death.
But they come back again to meet their doom,
Bringing the linen for their winding-sheets.
We must not go too far. In truth, I shrink
From shedding of more blood. The people murmur
At our severity.

NORTON.

Then let them murmur !

Truth is relentless ; justice never wavers ;
The greatest firmness is the greatest mercy ;
The noble order of the Magistracy
Cometh immediately from God, and yet
This noble order of the Magistracy
Is by these Heretics despised and outraged.

ENDICOTT.

To-night they sleep in prison. If they die,
They cannot say that we have caused their death.
We do but guard the passage, with the sword
Pointed towards them ; if they dash upon it,
Their blood will be on their own heads, not ours.

NORTON.

Enough. I ask no more. My predecessor
Coped only with the milder heresies
Of Antinomians and of Anabaptists.
He was not born to wrestle with these fiends.
Chrysostom in his pulpit ; Augustine
In disputation ; Timothy in his house !
The lantern of St. Botolph's ceased to burn
When from the portals of that church he came
To be a burning and a shining light
Here in the wilderness. And, as he lay
On his death-bed, he saw me in a vision
Ride on a snow-white horse into this town.
His vision was prophetic ; thus I came,

A terror to the impenitent, and Death
On the pale horse of the Apocalypse
To all the accursed race of Heretics !

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *A street. On one side, NICHOLAS UPSALL'S house; on the other, WALTER MERRY'S, with a flock of pigeons on the roof. UPSALL seated in the porch of his house.*

UPSALL.

O day of rest ! How beautiful, how fair,
How welcome to the weary and the old !
Day of the Lord ! and truce to earthly cares !
Day of the Lord, as all our days should be !
Ah, why will man by his austerities
Shut out the blessed sunshine and the light,
And make of thee a dungeon of despair !

WALTER MERRY (*entering, and looking round him*).

All silent as a graveyard ! No one stirring ;
No footfall in the street, no sound of voices !
By righteous punishment and perseverance,
And perseverance in that punishment,
At last I've brought this contumacious town
To strict observance of the Sabbath day.
Those wanton gospellers, the pigeons yonder,
Are now the only Sabbath-breakers left.
I cannot put them down. As if to taunt me,

They gather every Sabbath afternoon
In noisy congregation on my roof,
Billing and cooing. Whir! take that, ye Quakers.

Throws a stone at the pigeons. Sees UPSALL.

Ah! Master Nicholas!

UPSALL.

Good afternoon,
Dear neighbor Walter.

MERRY.

Master Nicholas,
You have to-day withdrawn yourself from meeting.

UPSALL.

Yea, I have chosen rather to worship God
Sitting in silence here at my own door.

MERRY.

Worship the Devil! You this day have broken
Three of our strictest laws. First, by abstaining
From public worship. Secondly, by walking
Profanely on the Sabbath.

UPSALL.

Not one step.

I have been sitting still here, seeing the pigeons
Feed in the street and fly about the roofs.

MERRY.

You have been in the street with other intent
Than going to and from the Meeting-house.
And, thirdly, you are harboring Quakers here.
I am amazed!

UPSALL.

Men sometimes, it is said,
Entertain angels unawares.

MERRY.

Nice angels !

Angels in broad-brimmed hats and russet cloaks,
The color of the Devil's nutting-bag ! They came
Into the Meeting-house this afternoon
More in the shape of devils than of angels.
The women screamed and fainted ; and the boys
Made such an uproar in the gallery
I could not keep them quiet.

UPSALL.

Neighbor Walter,
Your persecution is of no avail.

MERRY.

'T is prosecution, as the Governor says,
Not persecution.

UPSALL.

Well, your prosecution ;
Your hangings do no good.

MERRY.

The reason is,
We do not hang enough. But, mark my words,
We'll scour them ; yea, I warrant ye, we'll scour them !
And now go in and entertain your angels,
And don't be seen here in the street again
Till after sundown ! — There they are again !

*Exit UPSALL. MERRY throws another stone at the pigeons,
and then goes into his house.*

SCENE III. *A room in UPSALL'S house. Night. EDITH, WHARTON, and other Quakers seated at a table. UPSALL seated near them. Several books on the table.*

WHARTON.

William and Marmaduke, our martyred brothers,
Sleep in untimely graves, if aught untimely
Can find place in the providence of God,
Where nothing comes too early or too late.
I saw their noble death. They to the scaffold
Walked hand in hand. Two hundred armed men
And many horsemen guarded them, for fear
Of rescue by the crowd, whose hearts were stirred.

EDITH.

O holy martyrs !

WHARTON.

When they tried to speak,
Their voices by the roll of drums were drowned.
When they were dead they still looked fresh and fair,
The terror of death was not upon their faces.
Our sister Mary, likewise, the meek woman,
Has passed through martyrdom to her reward ;
Exclaiming, as they led her to her death,
"These many days I've been in Paradise."
And, when she died, Priest Wilson threw the hangman
His handkerchief, to cover the pale face
He dared not look upon.

EDITH.

As persecuted,
Yet not forsaken ; as unknown, yet known ;
As dying, and behold we are alive ;
As sorrowful, and yet rejoicing alway ;
As having nothing, yet possessing all !

WHARTON.

And Leddra, too, is dead. But from his prison,
The day before his death, he sent these words
Unto the little flock of Christ : " Whatever
May come upon the followers of the Light, —
Distress, affliction, famine, nakedness,
Or perils in the city or the sea,
Or persecution, or even death itself, —
I am persuaded that God's armor of Light,
As it is loved and lived in, will preserve you.
Yea, death itself ; through which you will find entrance
Into the pleasant pastures of the fold,
Where you shall feed forever as the herds
That roam at large in the low valleys of Achor.
And as the flowing of the ocean fills
Each creek and branch thereof, and then retires,
Leaving behind a sweet and wholesome savor ;
So doth the virtue and the life of God
Flow evermore into the hearts of those
Whom he hath made partakers of his nature ;
And, when it but withdraws itself a little,
Leaves a sweet savor after it, that many

Can say they are made clean by every word
That he hath spoken to them in their silence."

EDITH (*rising, and breaking into a kind of chant*).

Truly we do but grope here in the dark,
Near the partition-wall of Life and Death,
At every moment dreading or desiring
To lay our hands upon the unseen door!
Let us, then, labor for an inward stillness, —
An inward stillness and an inward healing;
That perfect silence where the lips and heart
Are still, and we no longer entertain
Our own imperfect thoughts and vain opinions,
But God alone speaks in us, and we wait
In singleness of heart, that we may know
His will, and in the silence of our spirits,
That we may do His will, and do that only!

*A long pause, interrupted by the sound of a drum approaching;
then shouts in the street, and a loud knocking at the door.*

MARSHAL.

Within there! Open the door!

MERRY.

Will no one answer?

MARSHAL.

In the King's name! Within there!

MERRY.

Open the door!

UPSALL (*from the window*).

It is not barred. Come in. Nothing prevents you.

The poor man's door is ever on the latch.
He needs no bolt nor bar to shut out thieves ;
He fears no enemies, and has no friends
Importunate enough to turn the key upon them !

Enter JOHN ENDICOTT, the MARSHAL, MERRY, and a crowd. Seeing the Quakers silent and unmoved, they pause, awe-struck. ENDICOTT opposite EDITH.

MARSHAL.

In the King's name do I arrest you all !
Away with them to prison. Master Upsall,
You are again discovered harboring here
These ranters and disturbers of the peace.
You know the law.

UPSALL.

I know it, and am ready
To suffer yet again its penalties.

EDITH (*to* ENDICOTT).

Why dost thou persecute me, Saul of Tarsus ?

END OF ACT I.

ACT II.

SCENE I. JOHN ENDICOTT'S room. *Early morning.*

JOHN ENDICOTT.

"Why dost thou persecute me, Saul of Tarsus?"
All night these words were ringing in mine ears!
A sorrowful sweet face; a look that pierced me
With meek reproach; a voice of resignation
That had a life of suffering in its tone;
And that was all! And yet I could not sleep,
Or, when I slept, I dreamed that awful dream!
I stood beneath the elm-tree on the Common
On which the Quakers have been hanged, and heard
A voice, not hers, that cried amid the darkness,
"This is Aceldama, the field of blood!"
I will have mercy, and not sacrifice!"

Opens the window, and looks out.

The sun is up already; and my heart
Sickens and sinks within me when I think
How many tragedies will be enacted
Before his setting. As the earth rolls round,
It seems to me a huge Ixion's wheel,
Upon whose whirling spokes we are bound fast,
And must go with it! Ah, how bright the sun
Strikes on the sea and on the masts of vessels,
That are uplifted in the morning air,
Like crosses of some peaceable crusade!

It makes me long to sail for lands unknown,
No matter whither ! Under me, in shadow,
Gloomy and narrow lies the little town,
Still sleeping, but to wake and toil awhile,
Then sleep again. How dismal looks the prison,
How grim and sombre in the sunless street, —
The prison where she sleeps, or wakes and waits
For what I dare not think of, — death, perhaps !
A word that has been said may be unsaid :
It is but air. But when a deed is done
It cannot be undone, nor can our thoughts
Reach out to all the mischiefs that may follow.
'T is time for morning prayers. I will go down.
My father, though severe, is kind and just ;
And when his heart is tender with devotion, —
When from his lips have fallen the words, " For-
give us
As we forgive," — then will I intercede
For these poor people, and perhaps may save them.

[*Exit.*]

SCENE II. *Dock Square. On one side, the tavern of the Three Mariners. In the background, a quaint building with gables ; and, beyond it, wharves and shipping. CAPTAIN KEMPTHORN and others seated at a table before the door. SAMUEL COLE standing near them.*

KEMPTHORN.

Come, drink about ! Remember Parson Melham,

And bless the man who first invented flip !

They drink.

COLE.

Pray, Master Kempthorn, where were you last night ?

KEMPTHORN.

On board the Swallow, Simon Kempthorn, master,
Up for Barbadoes, and the Windward Islands.

COLE.

The town was in a tumult.

KEMPTHORN.

And for what ?

COLE.

Your Quakers were arrested.

KEMPTHORN.

How my Quakers ?

COLE.

Those you brought in your vessel from Barbadoes.
They made an uproar in the Meeting-house
Yesterday, and they 're now in prison for it.
I owe you little thanks for bringing them
To the Three Mariners.

KEMPTHORN.

They have not harmed you.

I tell you, Goodman Cole, that Quaker girl
Is precious as a sea-bream's eye. I tell you
It was a lucky day when first she set
Her little foot upon the Swallow's deck,
Bringing good luck, fair winds, and pleasant weather.

COLE.

I am a law-abiding citizen ;
I have a seat in the new Meeting-house,
A cow-right on the Common ; and, besides,
Am corporal in the Great Artillery.
I rid me of the vagabonds at once.

KEMPTHORN.

Why should you not have Quakers at your tavern
If you have fiddlers ?

COLE.

Never ! never ! never !
If you want fiddling you must go elsewhere,
To the Green Dragon and the Admiral Vernon,
And other such disreputable places.
But the Three Mariners is an orderly house,
Most orderly, quiet and respectable.
Lord Leigh said he could be as quiet here
As at the Governor's. And have I not
King Charles's Twelve Good Rules, all framed and
glazed,
Hanging in my best parlor ?

KEMPTHORN.

Here 's a health
To good King Charles. Will you not drink the
King ?
Then drink confusion to old Parson Palmer.

COLE.

And who is Parson Palmer ? I don't know him.

KEMPTHORN.

He had his cellar underneath his pulpit,
And so preached o'er his liquor, just as you do.

A drum within.

COLE.

Here comes the Marshal.

MERRY (*within*).

Make room for the Marshal.

KEMPTHORN.

How pompous and imposing he appears !
His great buff doublet bellying like a mainsail,
And all his streamers fluttering in the wind.
What holds he in his hand ?

COLE.

A Proclamation.

Enter the MARSHAL, with a proclamation ; and MERRY, with a halberd. They are preceded by a drummer, and followed by the hangman, with an armful of books, and a crowd of people, among whom are UPSALL and JOHN ENDICOTT. A pile is made of the books.

MERRY.

Silence, the drum ! Good citizens, attend
To the new laws enacted by the Court.

MARSHAL (*reads*).

“Whereas a cursed sect of Heretics
Has lately risen, commonly called Quakers,
Who take upon themselves to be commissioned
Immediately of God, and furthermore

Infallibly assisted by the Spirit
To write and utter blasphemous opinions,
Despising Government and the order of God
In Church and Commonwealth, and speaking evil
Of Dignities, reproaching and reviling
The Magistrates and Ministers, and seeking
To turn the people from their faith, and thus
Gain proselytes to their pernicious ways ;—
This Court, considering the premises,
And to prevent like mischief as is wrought
By their means in our land, doth hereby order,
That whatsoever master or commander
Of any ship, bark, pink, or catch shall bring
To any roadstead, harbor, creek, or cove
Within this Jurisdiction any Quakers,
Or other blasphemous Heretics, shall pay
Unto the Treasurer of the Commonwealth
One hundred pounds, and for default thereof
Be put in prison, and continue there
Till the said sum be satisfied and paid.”

COLE.

Now, Simon Kempthorn, what say you to that?

KEMPTHORN.

I pray you, Cole, lend me a hundred pound!

MARSHAL (*reads*).

“ If any one within this Jurisdiction
Shall henceforth entertain, or shall conceal
Quakers, or other blasphemous Heretics,

Knowing them so to be, every such person
Shall forfeit to the country forty shillings
For each hour's entertainment or concealment,
And shall be sent to prison, as aforesaid,
Until the forfeiture be wholly paid."

Murmurs in the crowd.

KEMPTHORN.

Now, Goodman Cole, I think your turn has come!

COLE.

Knowing them so to be!

KEMPTHORN.

At forty shillings
The hour, your fine will be some forty pound!

COLE.

Knowing them so to be! That is the law.

MARSHAL (*reads*).

"And it is further ordered and enacted,
If any Quaker or Quakers shall presume
To come henceforth into this Jurisdiction,
Every male Quaker for the first offence
Shall have one ear cut off; and shall be kept
At labor in the Workhouse, till such time
As he be sent away at his own charge.
And for the repetition of the offence
Shall have his other ear cut off, and then
Be branded in the palm of his right hand.
And every woman Quaker shall be whipt

Severely in three towns ; and every Quaker,
Or he or she, that shall for a third time
Herein again offend, shall have their tongues
Bored through with a hot iron, and shall be
Sentenced to Banishment on pain of Death."

Loud murmurs. The voice of CHRISTISON in the crowd.

O patience of the Lord ! How long, how long,
Ere Thou avenge the blood of Thine Elect?

MERRY.

Silence, there, silence ! Do not break the peace !

MARSHAL (*reads*).

"Every inhabitant of this Jurisdiction
Who shall defend the horrible opinions
Of Quakers, by denying due respect
To equals and superiors, and withdrawing
From Church Assemblies, and thereby approving
The abusive and destructive practices
Of this accursed sect, in opposition
To all the orthodox received opinions
Of godly men, shall be forthwith committed
Unto close prison for one month ; and then
Refusing to retract and to reform
The opinions as aforesaid, he shall be
Sentenced to Banishment on pain of Death.
By the Court. Edward Rawson, Secretary."
Now, hangman, do your duty. Burn those books.

Loud murmurs in the crowd. The pile of books is lighted.

UPSALL.

I testify against these cruel laws !
Forerunners are they of some judgment on us ;
And, in the love and tenderness I bear
Unto this town and people, I beseech you,
O Magistrates, take heed, lest ye be found
As fighters against God !

JOHN ENDICOTT (*taking UPSALL's hand*).

Upsall, I thank you
For speaking words such as some younger man,
I or another, should have said before you.
Such laws as these are cruel and oppressive ;
A blot on this fair town, and a disgrace
To any Christian people.

MERRY (*aside, listening behind them*).

Here's sedition !

I never thought that any good would come
Of this young popinjay, with his long hair
And his great boots, fit only for the Russians
Or barbarous Indians, as his father says !

THE VOICE.

Woe to the bloody town ! And rightfully
Men call it the Lost Town ! The blood of Abel
Cries from the ground, and at the final judgment
The Lord will say, " Cain, Cain ! where is thy
brother ? "

MERRY.

Silence there in the crowd !

UPSALL (*aside*).

'T is Christison !

THE VOICE.

O foolish people, ye that think to burn
And to consume the truth of God, I tell you
That every flame is a loud tongue of fire
To publish it abroad to all the world
Louder than tongues of men !

KEMPTHORN (*springing to his feet*).

Well said, my hearty !
There 's a brave fellow ! There 's a man of pluck !
A man who 's not afraid to say his say,
Though a whole town 's against him. Rain, rain,
rain,
Bones of St. Botolph, and put out this fire !

*The drum beats. Exeunt all but MERRY, KEMPTHORN, and
COLE.*

MERRY.

And now that matter 's ended, Goodman Cole,
Fetch me a mug of ale, your strongest ale.

KEMPTHORN (*sitting down*).

And me another mug of flip ; and put
Two gills of brandy in it.

[*Exit COLE.*

MERRY.

No ; no more.
Not a drop more, I say. You 've had enough.

KEMPTHORN.

And who are you, sir?

MERRY.

I 'm a Tithing-man,
And Merry is my name.

KEMPTHORN.

A merry name !
I like it ; and I 'll drink your merry health
Till all is blue.

MERRY.

And then you will be clapped
Into the stocks, with the red letter D
Hung round about your neck for drunkenness.
You 're a free-drinker, — yes, and a free-thinker !

KEMPTHORN.

And you are Andrew Merry, or Merry Andrew.

MERRY.

My name is Walter Merry, and not Andrew.

KEMPTHORN.

Andrew or Walter, you 're a merry fellow ;
I 'll swear to that.

MERRY.

No swearing, let me tell you.
The other day one Shorthose had his tongue
Put into a cleft stick for profane swearing.

COLE *brings the ale.*

KEMPTHORN.

Well, where's my flip? As sure as my name's
Kempthorn — .

MERRY.

Is your name Kempthorn?

KEMPTHORN.

That's the name I go by.

MERRY.

What, Captain Simon Kempthorn of the Swallow?

KEMPTHORN.

No other.

MERRY (*touching him on the shoulder*).

Then you're wanted. I arrest you
In the King's name.

KEMPTHORN.

And where's your warrant?

MERRY (*unfolding a paper, and reading*).

Here.

Listen to me. "Hereby you are required,
In the King's name, to apprehend the body
Of Simon Kempthorn, mariner, and him
Safely to bring before me, there to answer
All such objections as are laid to him,
Touching the Quakers." Signed, John Endicott.

KEMPTHORN.

Has it the Governor's seal?

MERRY.

Ay, here it is.

KEMPTHORN.

Death's head and cross-bones. That's a pirate's
flag!

MERRY.

Beware how you revile the Magistrates ;
You may be whipped for that.

KEMPTHORN.

Then mum's the word.

[*Exeunt* MERRY and KEMPTHORN.]

COLE.

There's mischief brewing! Sure, there's mischief
brewing!

I feel like Master Josselyn when he found
The hornet's nest, and thought it some strange fruit,
Until the seeds came out, and then he dropped it.

[*Exit.*]

SCENE III. *A room in the Governor's house. Enter* GOV-
ERNOR ENDICOTT *and* MERRY.

ENDICOTT.

My son, you say?

MERRY.

Your Worship's eldest son.

ENDICOTT.

Speaking against the laws?

MERRY.

Ay, worshipful sir.

ENDICOTT.

And in the public market-place ?

MERRY.

I saw him

With my own eyes, heard him with my own ears.

ENDICOTT.

Impossible !

MERRY.

He stood there in the crowd
With Nicholas Upsall, when the laws were read
To-day against the Quakers, and I heard him
Denounce and vilipend them as unjust,
As cruel, wicked, and abominable.

ENDICOTT.

Ungrateful son ! O God ! thou layest upon me
A burden heavier than I can bear !
Surely the power of Satan must be great
Upon the earth, if even the elect
Are thus deceived and fall away from grace !

MERRY.

Worshipful sir ! I meant no harm —

ENDICOTT.

'T is well.

You 've done your duty, though you 've done it
roughly,
And every word you 've uttered since you came
Has stabbed me to the heart !

MERRY.

I do beseech

Your Worship's pardon !

ENDICOTT.

He whom I have nurtured

And brought up in the reverence of the Lord !

The child of all my hopes and my affections !

He upon whom I leaned as a sure staff

For my old age ! It is God's chastisement

For leaning upon any arm but His !

MERRY.

Your Worship ! —

ENDICOTT.

And this comes from holding parley

With the delusions and deceits of Satan.

At once, forever, must they be crushed out,

Or all the land will reek with heresy !

Pray, have you any children ?

MERRY.

No, not any.

ENDICOTT.

Thank God for that. He has delivered you

From a great care. Enough ; my private griefs

Too long have kept me from the public service.

*Exit MERRY. ENDICOTT seats himself at the table and
arranges his papers.*

The hour has come ; and I am eager now

To sit in judgment on these Heretics. (*A knock.*)

Come in. Who is it ? (*Not looking up.*)

JOHN ENDICOTT.

It is I.

ENDICOTT (*restraining himself*).

Sit down !

JOHN ENDICOTT (*sitting down*).

I come to intercede for these poor people
Who are in prison, and await their trial.

ENDICOTT.

It is of them I wish to speak with you.
I have been angry with you, but 't is passed.
For when I hear your footsteps come or go,
See in your features your dead mother's face,
And in your voice detect some tone of hers,
All anger vanishes, and I remember
The days that are no more, and come no more,
When as a child you sat upon my knee,
And prattled of your playthings, and the games
You played among the pear-trees in the orchard !

JOHN ENDICOTT.

O, let the memory of my noble mother
Plead with you to be mild and merciful !
For mercy more becomes a Magistrate
Than the vindictive wrath which men call justice !

ENDICOTT.

The sin of heresy is a deadly sin.
'T is like the falling of the snow, whose crystals

The traveller plays with, thoughtless of his danger,
Until he sees the air so full of light
That it is dark ; and blindly staggering onward,
Lost, and bewildered, he sits down to rest ;
There falls a pleasant drowsiness upon him,
And what he thinks is sleep, alas ! is death.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

And yet who is there that has never doubted ?
And doubting and believing, has not said,
“ Lord, I believe ; help thou my unbelief ” ?

ENDICOTT.

In the same way we trifle with our doubts,
Whose shining shapes are like the stars descending ;
Until at last, bewildered and dismayed,
Blinded by that which seemed to give us light,
We sink to sleep, and find that it is death, (*Rising*)
Death to the soul through all eternity !
Alas that I should see you growing up
To man's estate, and in the admonition
And nurture of the Law, to find you now
Pleading for Heretics !

JOHN ENDICOTT (*rising*).

In the sight of God,
Perhaps all men are Heretics. Who dares
To say that he alone has found the truth ?
We cannot always feel and think and act
As those who go before us. Had you done so,
You would not now be here.

ENDICOTT.

Have you forgotten
The doom of Heretics, and the fate of those
Who aid and comfort them? Have you forgotten
That in the market-place this very day
You trampled on the laws? What right have you,
An inexperienced and untravelled youth,
To sit in judgment here upon the acts
Of older men and wiser than yourself,
Thus stirring up sedition in the streets,
And making me a byword and a jest?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Words of an inexperienced youth like me
Were powerless if the acts of older men
Went not before them. 'T is these laws themselves
Stir up sedition, not my judgment of them.

ENDICOTT.

Take heed, lest I be called, as Brutus was,
To be the judge of my own son! Begone!
When you are tired of feeding upon husks,
Return again to duty and submission,
But not till then.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

I hear and I obey!

[Exit.]

ENDICOTT.

O happy, happy they who have no children!
He's gone! I hear the hall door shut behind him.
It sends a dismal echo through my heart,

As if forever it had closed between us,
And I should look upon his face no more !
O, this will drag me down into my grave, —
To that eternal resting-place wherein
Man lieth down, and riseth not again !
Till the heavens be no more he shall not wake,
Nor be roused from his sleep ; for Thou dost
change
His countenance, and sendest him away !

[Exit.]

END OF ACT II.

ACT III.

SCENE I. *The Court of Assistants.* ENDICOTT, BELLINGHAM, ATHERTON, and other magistrates. KEMPTHORN, MERRY, and constables. *Afterwards* WHARTON, EDITH, and CHRISTISON.

ENDICOTT.

Call Captain Simon Kempthorn.

MERRY.

Simon Kempthorn.

Come to the bar !

KEMPTHORN *comes forward.*

ENDICOTT.

You are accused of bringing
 Into this Jurisdiction, from Barbadoes,
 Some persons of that sort and sect of people
 Known by the name of Quakers, and maintaining
 Most dangerous and heretical opinions ;
 Purposely coming here to propagate
 Their heresies and errors ; bringing with them
 And spreading sundry books here, which contain
 Their doctrines most corrupt and blasphemous,
 And contrary to the truth professed among us.
 What say you to this charge ?

KEMPTHORN.

I do acknowledge,
 Among the passengers on board the Swallow

Were certain persons saying Thee and Thou.
They seemed a harmless people, mostways silent,
Particularly when they said their prayers.

ENDICOTT.

Harmless and silent as the pestilence !
You 'd better have brought the fever or the plague
Among us in your ship ! Therefore, this Court,
For preservation of the Peace and Truth,
Hereby commands you speedily to transport,
Or cause to be transported speedily,
The aforesaid persons hence unto Barbadoes,
From whence they came ; you paying all the charges
Of their imprisonment.

KEMPTHORN.

Worshipful sir,
No ship e'er prospered that has carried Quakers
Against their will ! I knew a vessel once —

ENDICOTT.

And for the more effectual performance
Hereof you are to give security
In bonds amounting to one hundred pounds.
On your refusal, you will be committed
To prison till you do it.

KEMPTHORN.

But you see
I cannot do it. The law, sir, of Barbadoes
Forbids the landing Quakers on the island.

ENDICOTT.

Then you will be committed. Who comes next?

MERRY.

There is another charge against the Captain.

ENDICOTT.

What is it?

MERRY.

Profane swearing, please your Worship.
He cursed and swore from Dock Square to the
Court-house.

ENDICOTT.

Then let him stand in the pillory for one hour.

[Exit KEMPTHORN with constable.

Who's next?

MERRY.

The Quakers.

ENDICOTT.

Call them.

MERRY.

Edward Wharton,

Come to the bar!

WHARTON.

Yea, even to the bench.

ENDICOTT.

Take off your hat.

WHARTON.

My hat offendeth not.

If it offendeth any, let him take it;

For I shall not resist.

ENDICOTT.

Take off his hat.

Let him be fined ten shillings for contempt.

MERRY *takes off* WHARTON's hat.

WHARTON.

What evil have I done ?

ENDICOTT.

Your hair's too long ;

And in not putting off your hat to us

You've disobeyed and broken that commandment

Which sayeth "Honor thy father and thy mother."

WHARTON.

John Endicott, thou art become too proud ;

And lovest him who putteth off the hat,

And honoreth thee by bowing of the body,

And sayeth "Worshipful sir !" 'T is time for thee

To give such follies over, for thou mayest

Be drawing very near unto thy grave.

ENDICOTT.

Now, sirrah, leave your canting. Take the oath.

WHARTON.

Nay, sirrah me no sirrahs !

ENDICOTT.

Will you swear ?

WHARTON.

Nay, I will not.

ENDICOTT.

You made a great disturbance
And uproar yesterday in the Meeting-house,
Having your hat on.

WHARTON.

I made no disturbance ;
For peacefully I stood, like other people.
I spake no words ; moved against none my hand ;
But by the hair they haled me out, and dashed
Their books into my face.

ENDICOTT.

You, Edward Wharton,
On pain of death, depart this Jurisdiction
Within ten days. Such is your sentence. Go.

WHARTON.

John Endicott, it had been well for thee
If this day's doings thou hadst left undone.
But, banish me as far as thou hast power,
Beyond the guard and presence of my God
Thou canst not banish me !

ENDICOTT.

Depart the Court ;
We have no time to listen to your babble.
Who's next ?

[Exit WHARTON.]

MERRY.

This woman, for the same offence.

EDITH comes forward.

ENDICOTT.

What is your name?

EDITH.

'T is to the world unknown,
But written in the Book of Life.

ENDICOTT.

Take heed

It be not written in the Book of Death!
What is it?

EDITH.

Edith Christison.

ENDICOTT (*with eagerness*).

The daughter
Of Wenlock Christison?

EDITH.

I am his daughter.

ENDICOTT.

Your father hath given us trouble many times.
A bold man and a violent, who sets
At naught the authority of our Church and State,
And is in banishment on pain of death.
Where are you living?

EDITH.

In the Lord.

ENDICOTT.

Make answer

Without evasion. Where?

EDITH.

My outward being
Is in Barbadoes.

ENDICOTT.

Then why come you here?

EDITH.

I come upon an errand of the Lord.

ENDICOTT.

'T is not the business of the Lord you 're doing ;
It is the Devil's. Will you take the oath?
Give her the Book.

MERRY offers the Book.

EDITH.

You offer me this Book
To swear on ; and it saith, "Swear not at all,
Neither by heaven, because it is God's Throne,
Nor by the earth, because it is his footstool !"
I dare not swear.

ENDICOTT.

You dare not? Yet you Quakers
Deny this Book of Holy Writ, the Bible,
To be the Word of God.

EDITH (*reverentially*).

Christ is the Word,
The everlasting oath of God. I dare not.

ENDICOTT.

You own yourself a Quaker, — do you not?

EDITH.

I own that in derision and reproach
I am so called.

ENDICOTT.

Then you deny the Scripture
To be the rule of life.

EDITH.

Yea, I believe
The Inner Light, and not the Written Word,
To be the rule of life.

ENDICOTT.

And you deny
That the Lord's Day is holy.

EDITH.

Every day
Is the Lord's Day. It runs through all our lives,
As through the pages of the Holy Bible
"Thus saith the Lord."

ENDICOTT.

You are accused of making
An horrible disturbance, and affrighting
The people in the Meeting-house on Sunday.
What answer make you?

EDITH.

I do not deny
That I was present in your Steeple-house
On the First Day ; but I made no disturbance.

ENDICOTT.

Why came you there?

EDITH.

Because the Lord commanded.

His word was in my heart, a burning fire
Shut up within me and consuming me,
And I was very weary with forbearing ;
I could not stay.

ENDICOTT.

'T was not the Lord that sent you ;
As an incarnate devil did you come !

EDITH.

On the First Day, when, seated in my chamber,
I heard the bells toll, calling you together,
The sound struck at my life, as once at his,
The holy man, our Founder, when he heard
The far-off bells toll in the Vale of Beavor.
It sounded like a market bell to call
The folk together, that the Priest might set
His wares to sale. And the Lord said within me,
" Thou must go cry aloud against that Idol,
And all the worshippers thereof." I went
Barefooted, clad in sackcloth, and I stood
And listened at the threshold ; and I heard
The praying and the singing and the preaching,
Which were but outward forms, and without power.
Then rose a cry within me, and my heart
Was filled with admonitions and reproofs.
Remembering how the Prophets and Apostles

Denounced the covetous hirelings and diviners,
I entered in, and spake the words the Lord
Commanded me to speak. I could no less.

ENDICOTT.

Are you a Prophetess ?

EDITH.

Is it not written,
“ Upon my handmaidens will I pour out
My spirit, and they shall prophesy ” ?

ENDICOTT.

Enough ;
For out of your own mouth are you condemned !
Need we hear further ?

THE JUDGES.

We are satisfied.

ENDICOTT.

It is sufficient. Edith Christison,
The sentence of the Court is, that you be
Scourged in three towns, with forty stripes save one,
Then banished upon pain of death !

EDITH.

Your sentence
Is truly no more terrible to me
Than had you blown a feather into the air,
And, as it fell upon me, you had said,
“ Take heed it hurt thee not ! ” God’s will be done !

WENLOCK CHRISTISON (*unseen in the crowd*).

Woe to the city of blood ! The stone shall cry

Out of the wall ; the beam from out the timber
Shall answer it ! Woe unto him that buildeth
A town with blood, and stablisheth a city
By his iniquity !

ENDICOTT.

Who is it makes
Such outcry here ?

CHRISTISON (*coming forward*).

I, Wenlock Christison !

ENDICOTT.

Banished on pain of death, why come you here ?

CHRISTISON.

I come to warn you that you shed no more
The blood of innocent men ! It cries aloud
For vengeance to the Lord !

ENDICOTT.

Your life is forfeit
Unto the law ; and you shall surely die,
And shall not live.

CHRISTISON.

Like unto Eleazer,
Maintaining the excellence of ancient years
And the honor of his gray head, I stand before you ;
Like him disdaining all hypocrisy,
Lest, through desire to live a little longer,
I get a stain to my old age and name !

ENDICOTT.

Being in banishment, on pain of death,
You come now in among us in rebellion.

CHRISTISON.

I come not in among you in rebellion,
But in obedience to the Lord of Heaven.
Not in contempt to any Magistrate,
But only in the love I bear your souls,
As ye shall know hereafter, when all men
Give an account of deeds done in the body !
God's righteous judgments ye cannot escape.

ONE OF THE JUDGES.

Those who have gone before you said the same,
And yet no judgment of the Lord hath fallen
Upon us.

CHRISTISON.

He but waiteth till the measure
Of your iniquities shall be filled up,
And ye have run your race. Then will his wrath
Descend upon you to the uttermost !
For thy part, Humphrey Atherton, it hangs
Over thy head already. It shall come
Suddenly, as a thief doth in the night,
And in the hour when least thou thinkest of it !

ENDICOTT.

We have a law, and by that law you die.

CHRISTISON.

I, a free man of England and freeborn,
Appeal unto the laws of mine own nation !

ENDICOTT.

There's no appeal to England from this Court !

What ! do you think our statutes are but paper ?
Are but dead leaves that rustle in the wind ?
Or litter to be trampled underfoot ?
What say ye, Judges of the Court, — what say ye ?
Shall this man suffer death ? Speak your opinions.

ONE OF THE JUDGES.

I am a mortal man, and die I must,
And that erelong ; and I must then appear
Before the awful judgment-seat of Christ,
To give account of deeds done in the body.
My greatest glory on that day will be,
That I have given my vote against this man.

CHRISTISON.

If, Thomas Danforth, thou hast nothing more
To glory in upon that dreadful day
Than blood of innocent people, then thy glory
Will be turned into shame ! The Lord hath said it !

ANOTHER JUDGE.

I cannot give consent, while other men
Who have been banished upon pain of death
Are now in their own houses here among us.

ENDICOTT.

Ye that will not consent, make record of it.
I thank my God that I am not afraid
To give my judgment. Wenlock Christison,
You must be taken back from hence to prison,
Thence to the place of public execution,

There to be hanged till you be dead — dead —
dead !

CHRISTISON.

If ye have power to take my life from me, —
Which I do question, — God hath power to raise
The principle of life in other men,
And send them here among you. There shall be
No peace unto the wicked, saith my God.
Listen, ye Magistrates, for the Lord hath said it !
The day ye put his servitors to death,
That day the Day of your own Visitation,
The Day of Wrath, shall pass above your heads,
And ye shall be accursed forevermore !

(*To EDITH, embracing her.*)

Cheer up, dear heart ! they have not power to
harm us.

[*Exeunt CHRISTISON and EDITH guarded. The Scene closes.*]

SCENE II. *A Street. Enter JOHN ENDICOTT and UPSALL.*

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Scourged in three towns ! and yet the busy people
Go up and down the streets on their affairs
Of business or of pleasure, as if nothing
Had happened to disturb them or their thoughts !
When bloody tragedies like this are acted

The pulses of a nation should stand still ;
The town should be in mourning, and the people
Speak only in low whispers to each other.

UPSALL.

I know this people ; and that underneath
A cold outside there burns a secret fire
That will find vent, and will not be put out,
Till every remnant of these barbarous laws
Shall be to ashes burned, and blown away.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Scourged in three towns ! It is incredible
Such things can be ! I feel the blood within me
Fast mounting in rebellion, since in vain
Have I implored compassion of my father !

UPSALL.

You know your father only as a father ;
I know him better as a Magistrate.
He is a man both loving and severe ;
A tender heart ; a will inflexible.
None ever loved him more than I have loved him.
He is an upright man and a just man
In all things save the treatment of the Quakers.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Yet I have found him cruel and unjust
Even as a father. He has driven me forth
Into the street ; has shut his door upon me,

With words of bitterness. I am as homeless
As these poor Quakers are.

UPSALL.

Then come with me.
You shall be welcome for your father's sake,
And the old friendship that has been between us.
He will relent ere long. A father's anger
Is like a sword without a handle, piercing
Both ways alike, and wounding him that wields it
No less than him that it is pointed at.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The prison. Night.* EDITH *reading the Bible by a lamp.*

EDITH.

"Blessed are ye when men shall persecute you,
And shall revile you, and shall say against you
All manner of evil falsely for my sake !
Rejoice, and be exceeding glad, for great
Is your reward in heaven. For so the prophets,
Which were before you, have been persecuted."

Enter JOHN ENDICOTT.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Edith !

EDITH.

Who is it speaketh ?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Saul of Tarsus ;
As thou didst call me once.

EDITH (*coming forward*).

Yea, I remember.
Thou art the Governor's son.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

I am ashamed
Thou shouldst remember me.

EDITH.

Why comest thou
Into this dark guest-chamber in the night ?
What seekest thou ?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Forgiveness !

EDITH.

I forgive
All who have injured me. What hast thou done ?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

I have betrayed thee, thinking that in this
I did God service. Now, in deep contrition,
I come to rescue thee.

EDITH.

From what ?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

From prison.

EDITH.

I am safe here within these gloomy walls.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

From scourging in the streets, and in three towns !

EDITH.

Remembering who was scourged for me, I shrink not
Nor shudder at the forty stripes save one.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Perhaps from death itself !

EDITH.

I fear not death,
Knowing who died for me.

JOHN ENDICOTT (*aside*).

Sure some divine
Ambassador is speaking through those lips
And looking through those eyes ! I cannot answer !

EDITH.

If all these prison doors stood opened wide
I would not cross the threshold, — not one step.
There are invisible bars I cannot break ;
There are invisible doors that shut me in,
And keep me ever steadfast to my purpose.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Thou hast the patience and the faith of Saints !

EDITH.

Thy Priest hath been with me this day to save me,
Not only from the death that comes to all,
But from the second death !

JOHN ENDICOTT.

The Pharisee !

My heart revolts against him and his creed !

Alas ! the coat that was without a seam

Is rent asunder by contending sects ;

Each bears away a portion of the garment,

Blindly believing that he has the whole !

EDITH.

When Death, the Healer, shall have touched our eyes

With moist clay of the grave, then shall we see

The truth as we have never yet beheld it.

But he that overcometh shall not be

Hurt of the second death. Has he forgotten

The many mansions in our Father's house ?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

There is no pity in his iron heart !

The hands that now bear stamped upon their palms

The burning sign of Heresy, hereafter

Shall be uplifted against such accusers,

And then the imprinted letter and its meaning

Will not be Heresy, but Holiness !

EDITH.

Remember, thou condemnest thine own father !

JOHN ENDICOTT.

I have no father ! He has cast me off.

I am as homeless as the wind that moans

And wanders through the streets. O, come with me !

Do not delay. Thy God shall be my God,
And where thou goest I will go.

EDITH.

I cannot.

Yet will I not deny it, nor conceal it ;
From the first moment I beheld thy face
I felt a tenderness in my soul towards thee.
My mind has since been inward to the Lord,
Waiting his word. It has not yet been spoken.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

I cannot wait. Trust me. O, come with me !

EDITH.

In the next room, my father, an old man,
Sitteth imprisoned and condemned to death,
Willing to prove his faith by martyrdom ;
And thinkest thou his daughter would do less ?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

O, life is sweet, and death is terrible !

EDITH.

I have too long walked hand in hand with death
To shudder at that pale familiar face.
But leave me now. I wish to be alone.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Not yet. O, let me stay.

EDITH.

Urge me no more.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Alas ! good night. I will not say good by !

EDITH.

Put this temptation underneath thy feet.
To him that overcometh shall be given
The white stone with the new name written on it,
That no man knows save him that doth receive it.
And I will give thee a new name, and call thee
Paul of Damascus and not Saul of Tarsus.

[Exit ENDICOTT. EDITH sits down again to read the Bible.

END OF ACT III.

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *King Street, in front of the town-house.* KEMPTHORN *in the pillory.* MERRY, and a crowd of lookers-on.

KEMPTHORN (*sings*).

The world is full of care,
Much like unto a bubble ;
Women and care, and care and women,
And women and care and trouble.

Good Master Merry, may I say confound?

MERRY.

Ay, that you may.

KEMPTHORN.

Well, then, with your permission,
Confound the Pillory !

MERRY.

That 's the very thing
The joiner said who made the Shrewsbury stocks.
He said, confound the stocks, because they put him
Into his own. He was the first man in them.

KEMPTHORN.

For swearing, was it?

MERRY.

No, it was for charging ;
He charged the town too much ; and so the town,
To make things square, set him in his own stocks,

And fined him five pound sterling, — just enough
To settle his own bill.

KEMPTHORN.

And served him right ;
But, Master Merry, is it not eight bells ?

MERRY.

Not quite.

KEMPTHORN.

For, do you see ? I 'm getting tired
Of being perched aloft here in this cro' nest
Like the first mate of a whaler, or a Middy
Mast-headed, looking out for land ! Sail ho !
Here comes a heavy-laden merchantman
With the lee clews eased off, and running free
Before the wind. A solid man of Boston.
A comfortable man, with dividends,
And the first salmon, and the first green peas.

A gentleman passes.

He does not even turn his head to look.
He 's gone without a word. Here comes another,
A different kind of craft on a taut bowline, —
Deacon Giles Firmin the apothecary,
A pious and a ponderous citizen,
Looking as rubicund and round and splendid
As the great bottle in his own shop window !

DEACON FIRMIN *passes.*

And here 's my host of the Three Mariners,

My creditor and trusty taverner,
My corporal in the Great Artillery !
He 's not a man to pass me without speaking.

COLE looks away and passes.

Don't yaw so ; keep your luff, old hypocrite !
Respectable, ah yes, respectable,
You, with your seat in the new Meeting-house,
Your cow-right on the Common ! But who 's this ?
I did not know the Mary Ann was in !
And yet this is my old friend, Captain Goldsmith,
As sure as I stand in the bilboes here.
Why, Ralph, my boy !

Enter RALPH GOLDSMITH.

GOLDSMITH.

Why, Simon, is it you ?
Set in the bilboes ?

KEMPTHORN.

Chock-a-block, you see,
And without chafing-gear.

GOLDSMITH.

And what 's it for ?

KEMPTHORN.

Ask that starbowline with the boat-hook there,
That handsome man.

MERRY (*bowing*).

For swearing.

KEMPTHORN.

In this town
They put sea-captains in the stocks for swearing,
And Quakers for not swearing. So look out.

GOLDSMITH.

I pray you set him free ; he meant no harm ;
'T is an old habit he picked up afloat.

MERRY.

Well, as your time is out, you may come down.
The law allows you now to go at large
Like Elder Oliver's horse upon the Common.

KEMPTHORN.

Now, hearties, bear a hand ! Let go and haul.

KEMPTHORN *is set free, and comes forward, shaking* GOLD.
SMITH'S *hand.*

KEMPTHORN.

Give me your hand, Ralph. Ah, how good it feels !
The hand of an old friend.

GOLDSMITH.

God bless you, Simon !

KEMPTHORN.

Now let us make a straight wake for the tavern,
Of the Three Mariners, Samuel Cole commander ;
Where we can take our ease, and see the shipping,
And talk about old times.

GOLDSMITH.

First I must pay

My duty to the Governor, and take him
His letters and despatches. Come with me.

KEMPTHORN.

I'd rather not. I saw him yesterday.

GOLDSMITH.

Then wait for me at the Three Nuns and Comb.

KEMPTHORN.

I thank you. That's too near to the town pump.
I will go with you to the Governor's,
And wait outside there, sailing off and on;
If I am wanted, you can hoist a signal.

MERRY.

Shall I go with you and point out the way?

GOLDSMITH.

O no, I thank you. I am not a stranger
Here in your crooked little town.

MERRY.

How now, sir?

Do you abuse our town?

[Exit.

GOLDSMITH.

O, no offence.

KEMPTHORN.

Ralph, I am under bonds for a hundred pound.

GOLDSMITH.

Hard lines. What for?

KEMPTHORN.

To take some Quakers back
 I brought here from Barbadoes in the Swallow.
 And how to do it I don't clearly see,
 For one of them is banished, and another
 Is sentenced to be hanged ! What shall I do ?

GOLDSMITH.

Just slip your hawser on some cloudy night ;
 Sheer off, and pay it with the topsail, Simon !

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Street in front of the prison. In the background
 a gateway and several flights of steps leading up terraces
 to the GOVERNOR'S house. A pump on one side of the
 street. JOHN ENDICOTT, MERRY, UPSALL, and others.
 A drum beats.*

JOHN ENDICOTT.

O shame, shame, shame !

MERRY.

Yes, it would be a shame .
 But for the damnable sin of Heresy !

JOHN ENDICOTT.

A woman scourged and dragged about our streets !

MERRY.

Well, Roxbury and Dorchester must take
 Their share of shame. She will be whipped in each !

Three towns, and Forty Stripes save one ; that makes
Thirteen in each.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

And are we Jews or Christians?
See where she comes, amid a gaping crowd !
And she a child. O, pitiful ! pitiful !
There 's blood upon her clothes, her hands, her feet !

*Enter MARSHAL and a drummer, EDITH, stripped to the waist,
followed by the hangman with a scourge, and a noisy crowd.*

EDITH.

Here let me rest one moment. I am tired.
Will some one give me water ?

MERRY.

At his peril.

UPSALL.

Alas ! that I should live to see this day !

A WOMAN.

Did I forsake my father and my mother
And come here to New England to see this ?

EDITH.

I am athirst. Will no one give me water ?

JOHN ENDICOTT

(making his way through the crowd with water).

In the Lord's name !

EDITH *(drinking).*

In his name I receive it !
Sweet as the water of Samaria's well

This water tastes. I thank thee. Is it thou?
I was afraid thou hadst deserted me.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Never will I desert thee, nor deny thee.
Be comforted.

MERRY.

O Master Endicott,

Be careful what you say.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Peace, idle babbler!

MERRY.

You 'll rue these words!

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Art thou not better now?

EDITH.

They 've struck me as with roses.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Ah, these wounds!

These bloody garments!

EDITH.

It is granted me

To seal my testimony with my blood.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

O blood-red seal of man's vindictive wrath!

O roses of the garden of the Lord!

I, of the household of Iscariot,

I have betrayed in thee my Lord and Master!

WENLOCK CHRISTISON *appears above, at the window of the prison, stretching out his hands through the bars.*

CHRISTISON.

Be of good courage, O my child ! my child !
Blessed art thou when men shall persecute thee !
Fear not their faces, saith the Lord, fear not,
For I am with thee to deliver thee.

A CITIZEN.

Who is it crying from the prison yonder !

MERRY.

It is old Wenlock Christison.

CHRISTISON.

Remember

Him who was scourged, and mocked, and crucified !
I see his messengers attending thee.
Be steadfast, O, be steadfast to the end !

EDITH (*with exultation*).

I cannot reach thee with these arms, O father !
But closely in my soul do I embrace thee
And hold thee. In thy dungeon and thy death
I will be with thee, and will comfort thee !

MARSHAL.

Come, put an end to this. Let the drum beat.

*The drum beats. Exeunt all but JOHN ENDICOTT, UPSALA,
and MERRY.*

CHRISTISON.

Dear child, farewell ! Never shall I behold

Thy face again with these bleared eyes of flesh ;
 And never wast thou fairer, lovelier, dearer
 Than now, when scourged and bleeding, and insulted
 For the truth's sake. O pitiless, pitiless town !
 The wrath of God hangs over thee ; and the day
 Is near at hand when thou shalt be abandoned
 To desolation and the breeding of nettles.
 The bittern and the cormorant shall lodge
 Upon thine upper lintels, and their voice
 Sing in thy windows. Yea, thus saith the Lord !

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Awake ! awake ! ye sleepers, ere too late,
 And wipe these bloody statutes from your books !

[*Exit.*]

MERRY.

Take heed ; the walls have ears !

UPSALL.

At last, the heart
 Of every honest man must speak or break !

Enter GOVERNOR ENDICOTT with his halberdiers.

ENDICOTT.

What is this stir and tumult in the street ?

MERRY.

Worshipful sir, the whipping of a girl,
 And her old father howling from the prison.

ENDICOTT (*to his halberdiers*).

Go on.

CHRISTISON.

Antiochus ! Antiochus !

O thou that slayest the Maccabees ! The Lord
Shall smite thee with incurable disease,
And no man shall endure to carry thee !

MERRY.

Peace, old blasphemer !

CHRISTISON.

I both feel and see
The presence and the waft of death go forth
Against thee, and already thou dost look
Like one that's dead !

MERRY (*pointing*).

And there is your own son,
Worshipful sir, abetting the sedition.

ENDICOTT.

Arrest him. Do not spare him.

MERRY (*aside*).

His own child !
There is some special providence takes care
That none shall be too happy in this world !
His own first-born !

ENDICOTT.

O Absalom, my son !

[*Exeunt ; the GOVERNOR with his halberdiers ascending the
steps of his house.*]

SCENE III. *The Governor's private room. Papers upon the table.* ENDICOTT and BELLINGHAM.

ENDICOTT.

There is a ship from England has come in,
Bringing despatches and much news from home.
His Majesty was at the Abbey crowned ;
And when the coronation was complete
There passed a mighty tempest o'er the city,
Portentous with great thunderings and lightnings.

BELLINGHAM.

After his father's, if I well remember,
There was an earthquake, that foreboded evil.

ENDICOTT.

Ten of the Regicides have been put to death !
The bodies of Cromwell, Ireton, and Bradshaw
Have been dragged from their graves, and publicly
Hanged in their shrouds at Tyburn.

BELLINGHAM.

Horrible !

ENDICOTT.

Thus the old tyranny revives again !
Its arm is long enough to reach us here,
As you will see. For, more insulting still
Than flaunting in our faces dead men's shrouds,
Here is the King's Mandamus, taking from us,
From this day forth, all power to punish Quakers.

BELLINGHAM.

That takes from us all power ; we are but puppets,
And can no longer execute our laws.

ENDICOTT.

His Majesty begins with pleasant words,
"Trusty and well-beloved, we greet you well" ;
Then with a ruthless hand he strips from me
All that which makes me what I am ; as if
From some old general in the field, grown gray
In service, scarred with many wounds,
Just at the hour of victory, he should strip
His badge of office and his well-gained honors,
And thrust him back into the ranks again.

*Opens the Mandamus, and hands it to BELLINGHAM ; and,
while he is reading, ENDICOTT walks up and down the
room.*

Here read it for yourself ; you see his words
Are pleasant words — considerate — not reproach-
ful —

Nothing could be more gentle — or more royal ;
But then the meaning underneath the words,
Mark that. He says all people known as Quakers
Among us, now condemned to suffer death
Or any corporal punishment whatever,
Who are imprisoned, or may be obnoxious
To the like condemnation, shall be sent
Forthwith to England, to be dealt with there
In such wise as shall be agreeable

Unto the English law and their demerits.

Is it not so ?

BELLINGHAM (*returning the paper*).

Ay, so the paper says.

ENDICOTT.

It means we shall no longer rule the Province ;

It means farewell to law and liberty,

Authority, respect for Magistrates,

The peace and welfare of the Commonwealth.

If all the knaves upon this continent

Can make appeal to England, and so thwart

The ends of truth and justice by delay,

Our power is gone forever. We are nothing

But ciphers, valueless save when we follow

Some unit ; and our unit is the King !

'T is he that gives us value.

BELLINGHAM.

I confess

Such seems to be the meaning of this paper.

But being the King's Mandamus, signed and sealed,

We must obey, or we are in rebellion.

ENDICOTT.

I tell you, Richard Bellingham, — I tell you,

That this is the beginning of a struggle

Of which no mortal can foresee the end.

I shall not live to fight the battle for you,

I am a man disgraced in every way ;

This order takes from me my self-respect

And the respect of others. 'T is my doom,
 Yes, my death-warrant, but must be obeyed !
 Take it, and see that it is executed
 So far as this, that all be set at large ;
 But see that none of them be sent to England
 To bear false witness, and to spread reports
 That might be prejudicial to ourselves.

[Exit BELLINGHAM.

There 's a dull pain keeps knocking at my heart,
 Dolefully saying, " Set thy house in order,
 For thou shalt surely die, and shalt not live !"
 For me the shadow on the dial-plate
 Goeth not back, but on into the dark !

[Exit.

SCENE IV. *The street. A crowd, reading a placard on the door of the Meeting-house. NICHOLAS UPSALL among them. Enter JOHN NORTON.*

NORTON.

What is this gathering here ?

UPSALL.

One William Brand,
 An old man like ourselves, and weak in body,
 Has been so cruelly tortured in his prison,
 The people are excited, and they threaten
 To tear the prison down.

NORTON.

What has been done ?

UPSALL.

He has been put in irons, with his neck
And heels tied close together, and so left
From five in the morning until nine at night.

NORTON.

What more was done ?

UPSALL.

He has been kept five days
In prison without food, and cruelly beaten,
So that his limbs were cold, his senses stopped.

NORTON.

What more ?

UPSALL.

And is this not enough ?

NORTON.

Now hear me.

This William Brand of yours has tried to beat
Our Gospel Ordinances black and blue ;
And, if he has been beaten in like manner,
It is but justice, and I will appear
In his behalf that did so. I suppose
That he refused to work.

UPSALL.

He was too weak.

How could an old man work, when he was starving ?

NORTON.

And what is this placard ?

UPSALL.

The Magistrates,
To appease the people and prevent a tumult,
Have put up these placards throughout the town,
Declaring that the jailer shall be dealt with
Impartially and sternly by the Court.

NORTON (*tearing down the placard*).

Down with this weak and cowardly concession,
This flag of truce with Satan and with Sin !
I fling it in his face ! I trample it
Under my feet ! It is his cunning craft,
The masterpiece of his diplomacy,
To cry and plead for boundless toleration.
But toleration is the first-born child
Of all abominations and deceits.
There is no room in Christ's triumphant army
For tolerationists. And if an Angel
Preach any other gospel unto you
Than that ye have received, God's malediction
Descend upon him ! Let him be accursed !

[*Exit.*

UPSALL.

Now, go thy ways, John Norton ! go thy ways,
Thou Orthodox Evangelist, as men call thee !
But even now there cometh out of England,

Like an o'ertaking and accusing conscience,
An outraged man, to call thee to account
For the unrighteous murder of his son !

[*Exit.*

SCENE V. *The Wilderness.* Enter EDITH.

EDITH.

How beautiful are these autumnal woods !
The wilderness doth blossom like the rose,
And change into a garden of the Lord !
How silent everywhere ! Alone and lost
Here in the forest, there comes over me
An inward awfulness. I recall the words
Of the Apostle Paul : " In journeyings often,
Often in perils in the wilderness,
In weariness, in painfulness, in watchings,
In hunger and thirst, in cold and nakedness " ;
And I forget my weariness and pain,
My watchings, and my hunger and my thirst.
The Lord hath said that he will seek his flock
In cloudy and dark days, and they shall dwell
Securely in the wilderness, and sleep
Safe in the woods ! Whichever way I turn,
I come back with my face towards the town.
Dimly I see it, and the sea beyond it.

O cruel town ! I know what waits me there,
And yet I must go back ; for ever louder
I hear the inward calling of the Spirit,
And must obey the voice. O woods, that wear
Your golden crown of martyrdom, blood-stained,
From you I learn a lesson of submission,
And am obedient even unto death,
If God so wills it.

[Exit.

JOHN ENDICOTT (*within*).

Edith ! Edith ! Edith !

He enters.

It is in vain ! I call, she answers not ;
I follow, but I find no trace of her !
Blood ! blood ! The leaves above me and around me
Are red with blood ! The pathways of the forest,
The clouds that canopy the setting sun,
And even the little river in the meadows
Are stained with it ! Where'er I look, I see it !
Away, thou horrible vision ! Leave me ! leave me !
Alas ! yon winding stream, that gropes its way
Through mist and shadow, doubling on itself,
At length will find, by the unerring law
Of nature, what it seeks. O soul of man,
Groping through mist and shadow, and recoiling
Back on thyself, are, too, thy devious ways
Subject to law ? and when thou seemest to wander

The farthest from thy goal, art thou still drawing
 Nearer and nearer to it, till at length
 Thou findest, like the river, what thou seekest?

[*Exit.*]

END OF ACT IV.

ACT V.

SCENE I. *Daybreak. Street in front of UPSALL's house.*

A light in the window. Enter JOHN ENDICOTT.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

O silent, sombre, and deserted streets,
To me ye 're peopled with a sad procession,
And echo only to the voice of sorrow!
O houses full of peacefulness and sleep,
Far better were it to awake no more
Than wake to look upon such scenes again!
There is a light in Master Upsall's window.
The good man is already risen, for sleep
Deserts the couches of the old.

Knocks at UPSALL's door.

UPSALL (*at the window*).

Who 's there?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Am I so changed you do not know my voice?

UPSALL.

I know you. Have you heard what things have
happened?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

I have heard nothing.

UPSALL.

Stay ; I will come down.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

I am afraid some dreadful news awaits me !
I do not dare to ask, yet am impatient
To know the worst. O, I am very weary
With waiting and with watching and pursuing !

Enter UPSALL.

UPSALL.

Thank God, you have come back ! I 've much to
tell you.
Where have you been ?

JOHN ENDICOTT.

You know that I was seized,
Fined, and released again. You know that Edith,
After her scourging in three towns, was banished
Into the wilderness, into the land
That is not sown ; and there I followed her,
But found her not. Where is she ?

UPSALL.

She is here.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

O, do not speak that word, for it means death !

UPSALL.

No, it means life. She sleeps in yonder chamber.
Listen to me. When news of Leddra's death
Reached England, Edward Burroughs, having boldly
Got access to the presence of the King,
Told him there was a vein of innocent blood

Opened in his dominions here, which threatened
To overrun them all. The King replied,
“But I will stop that vein!” and he forthwith
Sent his Mandamus to our Magistrates,
That they proceed no further in this business.
So all are pardoned, and all set at large.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

Thank God! This is a victory for truth!
Our thoughts are free. They cannot be shut up
In prison walls, nor put to death on scaffolds!

UPSALL.

Come in; the morning air blows sharp and cold
Through the damp streets.

JOHN ENDICOTT.

It is the dawn of day
That chases the old darkness from our sky,
And fills the land with liberty and light.

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE II. *The parlor of the Three Mariners. Enter*
KEMPTHORN.

KEMPTHORN.

A dull life this, — a dull life anyway!
Ready for sea; the cargo all aboard,
Cleared for Barbadoes, and a fair wind blowing
From nor'-nor'-west; and I, an idle lubber,

Laid neck and heels by that confounded bond !
 I said to Ralph, says I, "What 's to be done?"
 Says he : "Just slip your hawser in the night ;
 Sheer off, and pay it with the topsail, Simon."
 But that won't do ; because, you see, the owners
 Somehow or other are mixed up with it.
 Here are King Charles's Twelve Good Rules, that
 Cole

Thinks as important as the Rule of Three. (*Reads.*)
 "Make no comparisons ; make no long meals."
 Those are good rules and golden for a landlord
 To hang in his best parlor, framed and glazed !
 "Maintain no ill opinions ; urge no healths."
 I drink the King's, whatever he may say,
 And, as to ill opinions, that depends.
 Now of Ralph Goldsmith I 've a good opinion,
 And of the bilboes I 've an ill opinion ;
 And both of these opinions I 'll maintain
 As long as there 's a shot left in the locker.

Enter EDWARD BUTTER with an ear-trumpet

BUTTER.

Good morning, Captain Kempthorn.

KEMPTHORN.

Sir, to you.

You 've the advantage of me. I don't know you.
 What may I call your name?

BUTTER.

That 's not your name?

KEMPTHORN.

Yes, that 's my name. What 's yours ?

BUTTER.

My name is Butter.

I am the treasurer of the Commonwealth.

KEMPTHORN.

Will you be seated ?

BUTTER.

What say ? Who 's conceited ?

KEMPTHORN.

Will you sit down ?

BUTTER.

O, thank you.

KEMPTHORN.

Spread yourself

Upon this chair, sweet Butter.

BUTTER (*sitting down*).

A fine morning.

KEMPTHORN.

Nothing 's the matter with it that I know of.

I have seen better, and I have seen worse.

The wind 's nor'west. That 's fair for them that sail.

BUTTER.

You need not speak so loud ; I understand you.

You sail to-day.

KEMPTHORN.

No, I don't sail to-day.

So, be it fair or foul, it matters not.

Say, will you smoke ? There 's choice tobacco here.

BUTTER.

No, thank you. It 's against the law to smoke.

KEMPTHORN.

Then, will you drink? There 's good ale at this inn.

BUTTER.

No, thank you. It 's against the law to drink.

KEMPTHORN.

Well, almost everything 's against the law
In this good town. Give a wide berth to one thing,
You 're sure to fetch up soon on something else.

BUTTER.

And so you sail to-day for dear Old England.
I am not one of those who think a sup
Of this New England air is better worth
Than a whole draught of our Old England's ale.

KEMPTHORN.

Nor I. Give me the ale and keep the air.
But, as I said, I do not sail to-day.

BUTTER.

Ah yes ; you sail to-day.

KEMPTHORN.

I 'm under bonds
To take some Quakers back to the Barbadoes ;
And one of them is banished, and another
Is sentenced to be hanged.

BUTTER.

No, all are pardoned,
All are set free, by order of the Court ;
But some of them would fain return to England.
You must not take them. Upon that condition
Your bond is cancelled.

KEMPTHORN.

Ah, the wind has shifted !
I pray you, do you speak officially ?

BUTTER.

I always speak officially. To prove it,
Here is the bond.

Rising, and giving a paper.

KEMPTHORN.

And here 's my hand upon it.
And, look you, when I say I 'll do a thing
The thing is done. Am I now free to go ?

BUTTER.

What say ?

KEMPTHORN.

I say, confound the tedious man
With his strange speaking-trumpet ! Can I go ?

BUTTER.

You 're free to go, by order of the Court.
Your servant, sir.

[Exit.]

KEMPTHORN (*shouting from the window*).

Swallow, ahoy! Hallo!

If ever a man was happy to leave Boston,
That man is Simon Kempthorn of the Swallow!

Re-enter BUTTER.

BUTTER.

Pray, did you call?

KEMPTHORN.

Call? Yes, I hailed the Swallow.

BUTTER.

That's not my name. My name is Edward Butter.
You need not speak so loud.

KEMPTHORN (*shaking hands*).

Good by! Good by!

BUTTER.

Your servant, sir.

KEMPTHORN.

And yours a thousand times!

Exeunt.

SCENE III. GOVERNOR ENDICOTT'S *private room. An open window. ENDICOTT seated in an arm-chair. BELLINGHAM standing near.*

ENDICOTT.

O lost, O loved! wilt thou return no more?

O loved and lost, and loved the more when lost!

How many men are dragged into their graves
By their rebellious children ! I now feel
The agony of a father's breaking heart
In David's cry, " O Absalom, my son ! "

BELLINGHAM.

Can you not turn your thoughts a little while
To public matters ? There are papers here
That need attention.

ENDICOTT.

Trouble me no more !
My business now is with another world.
Ah, Richard Bellingham ! I greatly fear
That in my righteous zeal I have been led
To doing many things which, left undone,
My mind would now be easier. Did I dream it,
Or has some person told me, that John Norton
Is dead ?

BELLINGHAM.

You have not dreamed it. He is dead,
And gone to his reward. It was no dream.

ENDICOTT.

Then it was very sudden ; for I saw him
Standing where you now stand not long ago.

BELLINGHAM.

By his own fireside, in the afternoon,
A faintness and a giddiness came o'er him ;

And, leaning on the chimney-piece, he cried,
"The hand of God is on me!" and fell dead.

ENDICOTT.

And did not some one say, or have I dreamed it,
That Humphrey Atherton is dead?

BELLINGHAM.

Alas!

He too is gone, and by a death as sudden.
Returning home one evening, at the place
Where usually the Quakers have been scourged,
His horse took fright, and threw him to the ground,
So that his brains were dashed about the street.

ENDICOTT.

I am not superstitious, Bellingham,
And yet I tremble lest it may have been
A judgment on him.

BELLINGHAM.

So the people think.

They say his horse saw standing in the way
The ghost of William Leddra, and was frightened.
And furthermore, brave Richard Davenport,
The captain of the Castle, in the storm
Has been struck dead by lightning.

ENDICOTT.

Speak no more.

For as I listen to your voice it seems
As if the Seven Thunders uttered their voices,

And the dead bodies lay about the streets
Of the disconsolate city ! Bellingham,
I did not put those wretched men to death.
I did but guard the passage with the sword
Pointed towards them, and they rushed upon it !
Yet now I would that I had taken no part
In all that bloody work.

BELLINGHAM.

The guilt of it
Be on their heads, not ours.

ENDICOTT.

Are all set free ?

BELLINGHAM.

All are at large.

ENDICOTT.

And none have been sent back
To England to malign us with the King ?

BELLINGHAM.

The ship that brought them sails this very hour,
But carries no one back.

A distant cannon.

ENDICOTT.

What is that gun ?

BELLINGHAM.

Her parting signal. Through the window there,

Look, you can see her sails, above the roofs,
Dropping below the Castle, outward bound.

ENDICOTT.

O white, white, white! Would that my soul had
wings
As spotless as those shining sails to fly with!
Now lay this cushion straight. I thank you. Hark!
I thought I heard the hall door open and shut!
I thought I heard the footsteps of my boy!

BELLINGHAM.

It was the wind. There's no one in the passage.

ENDICOTT.

O Absalom, my son! I feel the world
Sinking beneath me, sinking, sinking, sinking!
Death knocks! I go to meet him! Welcome, Death!

*Rises, and sinks back dead; his head falling aside upon his
shoulder.*

BELLINGHAM.

O ghastly sight! Like one who has been hanged!
Endicott! Endicott! He makes no answer!

Raises ENDICOTT'S head.

He breathes no more! How bright this signet-ring
Glitters upon his hand, where he has worn it
Through such long years of trouble, as if Death
Had given him this memento of affection,

And whispered in his ear, "Remember me!"
How placid and how quiet is his face,
Now that the struggle and the strife are ended!
Only the acrid spirit of the times
Corroded this true steel. O, rest in peace,
Courageous heart! Forever rest in peace!

THE END.

THE
NEW-ENGLAND TRAGEDIES

II
GILES COREY OF THE SALEM FARMS

THE
NEW-ENGLAND TRAGEDIES

II.

GILES COREY OF THE SALEM FARMS

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

GILES COREY, ...	<i>Farmer.</i>
JOHN HATHORNE, ...	<i>Magistrate.</i>
COTTON MATHER, ...	<i>Minister of the Gospel.</i>
JONATHAN WALCOT, ...	<i>a youth.</i>
RICHARD GARDNER, ...	<i>Sea-Captain.</i>
JOHN GLOYD, ...	<i>Corey's hired man.</i>
MARTHA, ...	<i>wife of Giles Corey.</i>
TITUBA, ...	<i>an Indian woman.</i>
MARY WALCOT, ...	<i>one of the Afflicted.</i>

The Scene is in Salem in the year 1692.

PROLOGUE.

DELUSIONS of the days that once have been,
Witchcraft and wonders of the world unseen,
Phantoms of air, and necromantic arts
That crushed the weak and awed the stoutest
 hearts, —

These are our theme to-night ; and vaguely here,
Through the dim mists that crowd the atmosphere,
We draw the outlines of weird figures cast
In shadow on the background of the Past.

Who would believe that in the quiet town
Of Salem, and amid the woods that crown
The neighboring hillsides, and the sunny farms
That fold it safe in their paternal arms, —
Who would believe that in those peaceful streets,
Where the great elms shut out the summer heats,
Where quiet reigns, and breathes through brain and
 breast

The benediction of unbroken rest, —
Who would believe such deeds could find a place
As these whose tragic history we retrace ?

'T was but a village then : the goodman ploughed
His ample acres under sun or cloud ;
The goodwife at her doorstep sat and spun,
And gossiped with her neighbors in the sun ;

The only men of dignity and state
Were then the Minister and the Magistrate,
Who ruled their little realm with iron rod,
Less in the love than in the fear of God ;
And who believed devoutly in the Powers
Of Darkness, working in this world of ours,
In spells of Witchcraft, incantations dread,
And shrouded apparitions of the dead.

Upon this simple folk " with fire and flame,"
Saith the old Chronicle, " the Devil came ;
Scattering his firebrands and his poisonous darts,
To set on fire of Hell all tongues and hearts !
And 't is no wonder ; for, with all his host,
There most he rages where he hateth most,
And is most hated ; so on us he brings
All these stupendous and portentous things ! "

Something of this our scene to-night will show ;
And ye who listen to the Tale of Woe,
Be not too swift in casting the first stone,
Nor think New England bears the guilt alone.
This sudden burst of wickedness and crime
Was but the common madness of the time,
When in all lands, that lie within the sound
Of Sabbath bells, a Witch was burned or drowned.

GILES COREY
OF THE SALEM FARMS.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *The woods near Salem Village. Enter TITUBA,
with a basket of herbs.*

TITUBA.

Here 's monk's-hood, that breeds fever in the blood ;
And deadly nightshade, that makes men see ghosts ;
And henbane, that will shake them with convulsions ;
And meadow-saffron and black hellebore,
That rack the nerves, and puff the skin with dropsy ;
And bitter-sweet, and briony, and eye-bright,
That cause eruptions, nosebleed, rheumatisms ;
I know them, and the places where they hide
In field and meadow ; and I know their secrets,
And gather them because they give me power
Over all men and women. Armed with these,
I, Tituba, an Indian and a slave,
Am stronger than the captain with his sword,
Am richer than the merchant with his money,

Am wiser than the scholar with his books,
Mightier than Ministers and Magistrates,
With all the fear and reverence that attend them !
For I can fill their bones with aches and pains,
Can make them cough with asthma, shake with palsy,
Can make their daughters see and talk with ghosts,
Or fall into delirium and convulsions.
I have the Evil Eye, the Evil Hand ;
A touch from me, and they are weak with pain,
A look from me, and they consume and die.
The death of cattle and the blight of corn,
The shipwreck, the tornado, and the fire, —
These are my doings, and they know it not.
Thus I work vengeance on mine enemies,
Who, while they call me slave, are slaves to me !

Exit TITUBA. *Enter* MATHER, *booted and spurred, with*
a riding-whip in his hand.

MATHER.

Methinks that I have come by paths unknown
Into the land and atmosphere of Witches ;
For, meditating as I journeyed on,
Lo ! I have lost my way ! If I remember
Rightly, it is Scribonius the learned
That tells the story of a man who, praying
For one that was possessed by Evil Spirits,
Was struck by Evil Spirits in the face ;
I, journeying to circumvent the Witches,
Surely by Witches have been led astray.

I am persuaded there are few affairs
In which the Devil doth not interfere.
We cannot undertake a journey even,
But Satan will be there to meddle with it
By hindering or by furthering. He hath led me
Into this thicket, struck me in the face
With branches of the trees, and so entangled
The fetlocks of my horse with vines and brambles,
That I must needs dismount, and search on foot
For the lost pathway leading to the village.

Re-enter TITUBA.

What shape is this? What monstrous apparition,
Exceeding fierce, that none may pass that way?
Tell me, good woman, if you are a woman —

TITUBA.

I am a woman, but I am not good.
I am a Witch !

MATHER.

Then tell me, Witch and woman,
For you must know the pathways through this wood,
Where lieth Salem Village?

TITUBA.

Reverend sir,
The village is near by. I'm going there
With these few herbs. I'll lead you. Follow me.

MATHER.

First say, who are you? I am loath to follow
A stranger in this wilderness, for fear

Of being misled, and left in some morass.
Who are you ?

TITUBA.

I am Tituba the Witch,
Wife of John Indian.

MATHER.

You are Tituba ?

I know you then. You have renounced the Devil,
And have become a penitènt confessor.
The Lord be praised ! Go on, I'll follow you.
Wait only till I fetch my horse, that stands
Tethered among the trees, not far from here.

TITUBA.

Let me get up behind you, reverend sir.

MATHER.

The Lord forbid ! What would the people think,
If they should see the Reverend Cotton Mather
Ride into Salem with a Witch behind him ?
The Lord forbid !

TITUBA.

I do not need a horse ;
I can ride through the air upon a stick,
Above the tree-tops and above the houses,
And no one see me, no one overtake me !

[Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *A room at JUSTICE HATHORNE'S. A clock in the corner. Enter HATHORNE and MATHER.*

HATHORNE.

You are welcome, reverend sir, thrice welcome here
Beneath my humble roof.

MATHER.

I thank your Worship.

HATHORNE.

Pray you be seated. You must be fatigued
With your long ride through unfrequented woods.

They sit down.

MATHER.

You know the purport of my visit here, —
To be advised by you, and counsel with you,
And with the Reverend Clergy of the village,
Touching these witchcrafts that so much afflict you;
And see with mine own eyes the wonders told
Of spectres and the shadows of the dead,
That come back from their graves to speak with men.

HATHORNE.

Some men there are, I have known such, who think
That the two worlds — the seen and the unseen,
The world of matter and the world of spirit —
Are like the hemispheres upon our maps,
And touch each other only at a point.

But these two worlds are not divided thus,
Save for the purposes of common speech.
They form one globe, in which the parted seas
All flow together and are intermingled,
While the great continents remain distinct.

MATHER.

I doubt it not. The spiritual world
Lies all about us, and its avenues
Are open to the unseen feet of phantoms
That come and go, and we perceive them not
Save by their influence, or when at times
A most mysterious Providence permits them
To manifest themselves to mortal eyes.

HATHORNE.

You, who are always welcome here among us,
Are doubly welcome now. We need your wisdom,
Your learning in these things, to be our guide.
The Devil hath come down in wrath upon us,
And ravages the land with all his hosts.

MATHER.

The Unclean Spirit said, "My name is Legion!"
Multitudes in the Valley of Destruction!
But when our fervent, well-directed prayers,
Which are the great artillery of Heaven,
Are brought into the field, I see them scattered
And driven like Autumn leaves before the wind.

HATHORNE.

You, as a Minister of God, can meet them

With spiritual weapons ; but, alas !
I, as a Magistrate, must combat them
With weapons from the armory of the flesh.

MATHER.

These wonders of the world invisible, —
These spectral shapes that haunt our habitations, —
The multiplied and manifold afflictions
With which the aged and the dying saints
Have their death prefaced and their age imbittered, —
Are but prophetic trumpets that proclaim
The Second Coming of our Lord on earth.
The evening wolves will be much more abroad,
When we are near the evening of the world.

HATHORNE.

When you shall see, as I have hourly seen,
The sorceries and the witchcrafts that torment us,
See children tortured by invisible spirits,
And wasted and consumed by powers unseen,
You will confess the half has not been told you.

MATHER.

It must be so. The death-pangs of the Devil
Will make him more a Devil than before,
And Nebuchadnezzar's furnace will be heated
Seven times more hot before its putting out.

HATHORNE.

Advise me, reverend sir. I look to you
For counsel and for guidance in this matter.
What further shall we do?

MATHER.

Remember this,
That as a sparrow falls not to the ground
Without the will of God, so not a Devil
Can come down from the air without his leave.
We must inquire.

HATHORNE.

Dear sir, we have inquired ;
Sifted the matter thoroughly through and through,
And then resifted it.

MATHER.

If God permits
These Evil Spirits from the unseen regions
To visit us with surprising informations,
We must inquire what cause there is for this,
But not receive the testimony borne
By spectres as conclusive proof of guilt
In the accused.

HATHORNE.

Upon such evidence
We do not rest our case. The ways are many
In which the guilty do betray themselves.

MATHER.

Be careful. Carry the knife with such exactness,
That on one side no innocent blood be shed
By too excessive zeal, and, on the other
No shelter given to any work of darkness.

HATHORNE.

For one, I do not fear excess of zeal.
What do we gain by parleying with the Devil?
You reason, but you hesitate to act!
Ah, reverend sir! believe me, in such cases
The only safety is in acting promptly.
'T is not the part of wisdom to delay
In things where not to do is still to do
A deed more fatal than the deed we shrink from.
You are a man of books and meditation,
But I am one who acts.

MATHER.

God give us wisdom
In the directing of this thorny business,
And guide us, lest New England should become
Of an unsavory and sulphurous odor
In the opinion of the world abroad!

The clock strikes.

I never hear the striking of a clock
Without a warning and an admonition
That time is on the wing, and we must quicken
Our tardy pace in journeying Heavenward,
As Israel did in journeying Canaan-ward!

They rise.

HATHORNE.

Then let us make all haste; and I will show you
In what disguises and what fearful shapes

The Unclean Spirits haunt this neighborhood,
And you will pardon my excess of zeal.

MATHER.

Ah, poor New England ! He who hurricanoed
The house of Job is making now on thee
One last assault, more deadly and more snarled
With unintelligible circumstances
Than any thou hast hitherto encountered !

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE III. *A room in WALCOT'S house. MARY WALCOT seated in an arm-chair. TITUBA with a mirror.*

MARY.

Tell me another story, Tituba.
A drowsiness is stealing over me
Which is not sleep ; for, though I close mine eyes,
I am awake, and in another world.
Dim faces of the dead and of the absent
Come floating up before me, — floating, fading,
And disappearing.

TITUBA.

Look into this glass.

What see you ?

MARY.

Nothing but a golden vapor.

Yes, something more. An island, with the sea
Breaking all round it, like a blooming hedge.
What land is this?

TITUBA.

It is San Salvador,
Where Tituba was born. What see you now?

MARY.

A man all black and fierce.

TITUBA.

That is my father.
He was an Obi man, and taught me magic, —
Taught me the use of herbs and images.
What is he doing?

MARY.

Holding in his hand
A waxen figure. He is melting it
Slowly before a fire.

TITUBA.

And now what see you?

MARY.

A woman lying on a bed of leaves,
Wasted and worn away. Ah, she is dying!

TITUBA.

That is the way the Obi men destroy
The people they dislike! That is the way
Some one is wasting and consuming you.

MARY.

You terrify me, Tituba! O, save me
From those who make me pine and waste away!
Who are they? Tell me.

TITUBA.

That I do not know,
But you will see them. They will come to you.

MARY.

No, do not let them come! I cannot bear it!
I am too weak to bear it! I am dying!

Falls into a trance.

TITUBA.

Hark! there is some one coming!

Enter HATHORNE, MATHER, and WALCOT.

WALCOT.

There she lies,
Wasted and worn by devilish incantations!
O my poor sister!

MATHER.

Is she always thus?

WALCOT.

Nay, she is sometimes tortured by convulsions.

MATHER.

Poor child! How thin she is! How wan and
wasted!

HATHORNE.

Observe her. She is troubled in her sleep.

MATHER.

Some fearful vision haunts her.

HATHORNE.

You now see
With your own eyes, and touch with your own hands,
The mysteries of this Witchcraft.

MATHER.

One would need
The hands of Briareus and the eyes of Argus
To see and touch them all.

HATHORNE.

You now have entered
The realm of ghosts and phantoms, — the vast realm
Of the unknown and the invisible,
Through whose wide-open gates there blows a wind
From the dark valley of the shadow of Death,
That freezes us with horror.

MARY (*starting*).

Take her hence!
Take her away from me. I see her there!
She's coming to torment me!

WALCOT (*taking her hand*).

O my sister!
What frightens you? She neither hears nor sees me.
She's in a trance.

MARY.

Do you not see her there?

TITUBA.

My child, who is it?

MARY.

Ah, I do not know.

I cannot see her face.

TITUBA.

How is she clad?

MARY.

She wears a crimson bodice. In her hand
She holds an image, and is pinching it
Between her fingers. Ah, she tortures me!
I see her face now. It is Goodwife Bishop!
Why does she torture me? I never harmed her!
And now she strikes me with an iron rod!
O, I am beaten!

MATHER.

This is wonderful!

I can see nothing! Is this apparition
Visibly there, and yet we cannot see it?

HATHORNE.

It is. The spectre is invisible
Unto our grosser senses, but she sees it.

MARY.

Look! look! there is another clad in gray!
She holds a spindle in her hand, and threatens
To stab me with it! It is Goodwife Corey!

Keep her away ! Now she is coming at me !
O mercy ! mercy !

WALCOT (*thrusting with his sword*).

There is nothing there !

MATHER (*to HATHORNE*).

Do you see anything ?

HATHORNE.

The laws that govern
The spiritual world prevent our seeing
Things palpable and visible to her.
These spectres are to us as if they were not.
Mark her ; she wakes.

TITUBA *touches her, and she awakes.*

MARY.

Who are these gentlemen ?

WALCOT.

They are our friends. Dear Mary, are you better ?

MARY.

Weak, very weak.

Taking a spindle from her lap, and holding it up.

How came this spindle here ?

TITUBA.

You wrenched it from the hand of Goodwife Corey
When she rushed at you.

HATHORNE.

Mark that, reverend sir !

MATHER.

It is most marvellous, most inexplicable !

TITUBA (*picking up a bit of gray cloth from the floor*).

And here, too, is a bit of her gray dress,
That the sword cut away.

MATHER.

Beholding this,

It were indeed by far more credulous
To be incredulous than to believe.
None but a Sadducee, who doubts of all
Pertaining to the spiritual world,
Could doubt such manifest and damning proofs !

HATHORNE.

Are you convinced ?

MATHER (*to Mary*).

Dear child, be comforted !

Only by prayer and fasting can you drive
These Unclean Spirits from you. An old man
Gives you his blessing. God be with you, Mary !

END OF ACT I.

ACT II.

SCENE I. GILES COREY'S farm. Morning. Enter
COREY, with a horseshoe and a hammer.

COREY.

The Lord hath prospered me. The rising sun
Shines on my Hundred Acres and my woods
As if he loved them. On a morn like this
I can forgive mine enemies, and thank God
For all his goodness unto me and mine.
My orchard groans with russets and pearmain ;
My ripening corn shines golden in the sun ;
My barns are crammed with hay, my cattle thrive ;
The birds sing blithely on the trees around me !
And blither than the birds my heart within me,
But Satan still goes up and down the earth ;
And to protect this house from his assaults,
And keep the powers of darkness from my door,
This horseshoe will I nail upon the threshold.

Nails down the horseshoe.

There, ye night-hags and witches that torment
The neighborhood, ye shall not enter here ! —
What is the matter in the field ? — John Gloyd !
The cattle are all running to the woods ! —
John Gloyd ! Where is the man ?

Enter JOHN GLOYD.

Look there!

What ails the cattle? Are they all bewitched?
They run like mad.

GLOYD.

They have been overlooked.

COREY.

The Evil Eye is on them sure enough.
Call all the men. Be quick. Go after them!

Exit GLOYD *and enter* MARTHA.

MARTHA.

What is amiss?

COREY.

The cattle are bewitched.
They are broken loose and making for the woods.

MARTHA.

Why will you harbor such delusions, Giles?
Bewitched? Well, then it was John Gloyd bewitched
them;

I saw him even now take down the bars
And turn them loose! They're only frolicsome.

COREY.

The rascal!

MARTHA.

I was standing in the road,
Talking with Goodwife Proctor, and I saw him.

COREY.

With Proctor's wife? And what says Goodwife
Proctor?

MARTHA.

Sad things indeed ; the saddest you can hear
Of Bridget Bishop. She 's cried out upon !

COREY.

Poor soul ! I 've known her forty year or more.
She was the widow Wasselby ; and then
She married Oliver, and Bishop next.
She 's had three husbands. I remember well
My games of shovel-board at Bishop's tavern
In the old merry days, and she so gay
With her red paragon bodice and her ribbons !
Ah, Bridget Bishop always was a Witch !

MARTHA.

They 'll little help her now, — her caps and ribbons,
And her red paragon bodice, and her plumes,
With which she flaunted in the Meeting-house !
When next she goes there, it will be for trial.

COREY.

When will that be ?

MARTHA.

This very day at ten.

COREY.

Then get you ready. We will go and see it.
Come ; you shall ride behind me on the pillion.

MARTHA.

Not I. You know I do not like such things.
I wonder you should. I do not believe
In Witches nor in Witchcraft.

COREY.

Well, I do.

There 's a strange fascination in it all,
That draws me on and on, I know not why.

MARTHA.

What do we know of spirits good or ill,
Or of their power to help us or to harm us?

COREY.

Surely what 's in the Bible must be true.
Did not an Evil Spirit come on Saul?
Did not the Witch of Endor bring the ghost
Of Samuel from his grave? The Bible says so.

MARTHA.

That happened very long ago.

COREY.

With God

There is no long ago.

MARTHA.

There is with us.

COREY.

And Mary Magdalene had seven devils,
And he who dwelt among the tombs a legion!

MARTHA.

God's power is infinite. I do not doubt it.
If in his providence he once permitted
Such things to be among the Israelites,
It does not follow he permits them now,
And among us who are not Israelites.

But we will not dispute about it, Giles.
Go to the village, if you think it best,
And leave me here ; I 'll go about my work.

[Exit into the house.]

COREY.

And I will go and saddle the gray mare.
The last word always. That is woman's nature.
If an old man will marry a young wife,
He must make up his mind to many things.
It's putting new cloth into an old garment,
When the strain comes, it is the old gives way.

Goes to the door.

O Martha! I forgot to tell you something.
I've had a letter from a friend of mine,
A certain Richard Gardner of Nantucket,
Master and owner of a whaling-vessel ;
He writes that he is coming down to see us.
I hope you 'll like him.

MARTHA.

I will do my best.

COREY.

That's a good woman. Now I will be gone.
I've not seen Gardner for this twenty year ;
But there is something of the sea about him, —
Something so open, generous, large, and strong,
It makes me love him better than a brother.

[Exit.]

MARTHA *comes to the door.*

MARTHA.

O these old friends and cronies of my husband,
These captains from Nantucket and the Cape,
That come and turn my house into a tavern
With their carousing! Still, there 's something
frank

In these seafaring men that makes me like them.
Why, here 's a horseshoe nailed upon the doorstep!
Giles has done this to keep away the Witches.
I hope this Richard Gardner will bring with him
A gale of good sound common-sense, to blow
The fog of these delusions from his brain!

COREY (*within*).

Ho! Martha! Martha!

Enter COREY.

Have you seen my saddle?

MARTHA.

I saw it yesterday.

COREY.

Where did you see it?

MARTHA.

On a gray mare, that somebody was riding
Along the village road.

COREY.

Who was it? Tell me.

MARTHA.

Some one who should have stayed at home.

COREY (*restraining himself*).

I see!

Don't vex me, Martha. Tell me where it is.

MARTHA.

I've hidden it away.

COREY.

Go fetch it me.

MARTHA.

Go find it.

COREY.

No. I'll ride down to the village
Bare-back; and when the people stare and say,
"Giles Corey, where's your saddle?" I will answer,
"A Witch has stolen it." How shall you like that?

MARTHA.

I shall not like it.

COREY.

Then go fetch the saddle.

[*Exit* MARTHA.

If an old man will marry a young wife,
Why then—why then—why then—he must spell
Baker!*

Enter MARTHA *with the saddle, which she throws down.*

MARTHA.

There! There's the saddle.

* A local expression for doing anything difficult. In the old spelling-books, Baker was the first word of two syllables, and when a child came to it he thought he had a hard task before him.

COREY.

Take it up.

MARTHA.

I won't!

COREY.

Then let it lie there. I'll ride to the village,
'And say you are a Witch.

MARTHA.

No, not that, Giles.

She takes up the saddle.

COREY.

Now come with me, and saddle the gray mare
With your own hands ; and you shall see me ride
Along the village road as is becoming
Giles Corey of the Salem Farms, your husband !

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *The Green in front of the Meeting-house in
Salem Village. People coming and going. Enter GILES
COREY.*

COREY.

A melancholy end ! Who would have thought
That Bridget Bishop e'er would come to this ?
Accused, convicted, and condemned to death
For Witchcraft ! And so good a woman too !

A FARMER.

Good morrow, neighbor Corey.

COREY (*not hearing him*).

Who is safe?

How do I know but under my own roof

I too may harbor Witches, and some Devil

Be plotting and contriving against me?

FARMER.

He does not hear. Good morrow, neighbor Corey!

COREY.

Good morrow.

FARMER.

Have you seen John Proctor lately?

COREY.

No, I have not.

FARMER.

Then do not see him, Corey.

COREY.

Why should I not?

FARMER.

Because he's angry with you.

So keep out of his way. Avoid a quarrel.

COREY.

Why does he seek to fix a quarrel on me?

FARMER.

He says you burned his house.

COREY.

I burn his house?

If he says that, John Proctor is a liar!
The night his house was burned I was in bed,
And I can prove it! Why, we are old friends!
He could not say that of me.

FARMER.

He did say it.

I heard him say it.

COREY.

Then he shall unsay it.

FARMER.

He said you did it out of spite to him
For taking part against you in the quarrel
You had with your John Gloyd about his wages.
He says you murdered Goodell; that you trampled
Upon his body till he breathed no more.
And so beware of him; that's my advice!

[Exit.

COREY.

By Heaven! this is too much! I'll seek him out,
And make him eat his words, or strangle him.
I'll not be slandered at a time like this,
When every word is made an accusation,
When every whisper kills, and every man
Walks with a halter round his neck!

Enter GLOYD in haste.

What now?

GLOYD.

I came to look for you. The cattle —

COREY.

Well,

What of them? Have you found them?

GLOYD.

They are dead.

I followed them through the woods, across the
meadows ;

Then they all leaped into the Ipswich River,
And swam across, but could not climb the bank,
And so were drowned.

COREY.

You are to blame for this ;
For you took down the bars, and let them loose.

GLOYD.

That I deny. They broke the fences down.
You know they were bewitched.

COREY.

Ah, my poor cattle !

The Evil Eye was on them ; that is true.

Day of disaster ! Most unlucky day !

Why did I leave my ploughing and my reaping

To plough and reap this Sodom and Gomorrah ?

O, I could drown myself for sheer vexation !

[*Exit.*

GLOYD.

He's going for his cattle. He won't find them.
By this time they have drifted out to sea.
They will not break his fences any more,
Though they may break his heart. And what care I?
[Exit.]

SCENE III. COREY'S kitchen. *A table with supper.*
MARTHA knitting.

MARTHA.

He's come at last. I hear him in the passage.
Something has gone amiss with him to-day;
I know it by his step, and by the sound
The door made as he shut it. He is angry.

*Enter COREY with his riding-whip. As he speaks, he takes
off his hat and gloves, and throws them down violently.*

COREY.

I say if Satan ever entered man
He's in John Proctor!

MARTHA.

Giles, what is the matter?
You frighten me.

COREY.

I say if any man
Can have a Devil in him, then that man
Is Proctor, — is John Proctor, and no other!

MARTHA.

Why, what has he been doing?

COREY.

Everything!

What do you think I heard there in the village?

MARTHA.

I'm sure I cannot guess. What did you hear?

COREY.

He says I burned his house!

MARTHA.

Does he say that?

COREY.

He says I burned his house. I was in bed
And fast asleep that night; and I can prove it.

MARTHA.

If he says that, I think the Father of Lies
Is surely in the man.

COREY.

He does say that,
And that I did it to wreak vengeance on him
For taking sides against me in the quarrel
I had with that John Gloyd about his wages.
And God knows that I never bore him malice
For that, as I have told him twenty times!

MARTHA.

It is John Gloyd has stirred him up to this.
I do not like that Gloyd. I think him crafty,

Not to be trusted, sullen, and untruthful.
Come, have your supper. You are tired and hungry.

COREY.

I 'm angry, and not hungry.

MARTHA.

Do eat something.
You 'll be the better for it.

COREY (*sitting down*).

I 'm not hungry.

MARTHA.

Let not the sun go down upon your wrath.

COREY.

It has gone down upon it, and will rise
To-morrow, and go down again upon it.
They have trumped up against me the old story
Of causing Goodell's death by trampling on him.

MARTHA.

O, that is false. I know it to be false.

COREY.

He has been dead these fourteen years or more.
Why can't they let him rest? Why must they drag
him
Out of his grave to give me a bad name?
I did not kill him. In his bed he died,
As most men die, because his hour had come.
I have wronged no man. Why should Proctor say

Such things about me? I will not forgive him
Till he confesses he has slandered me.
Then, I've more trouble. All my cattle gone.

MARTHA.

They will come back again.

COREY.

Not in this world.

Did I not tell you they were overlooked?
They ran down through the woods, into the meadows,
And tried to swim the river, and were drowned.
It is a heavy loss.

MARTHA.

I'm sorry for it.

COREY.

All my dear oxen dead. I loved them, Martha,
Next to yourself. I liked to look at them,
And watch the breath come out of their wide nostrils,
And see their patient eyes. Somehow I thought
It gave me strength only to look at them.
And how they strained their necks against the yoke
If I but spoke, or touched them with the goad!
They were my friends; and when Gloyd came and
told me
They were all drowned, I could have drowned
myself
From sheer vexation; and I said as much
To Gloyd and others.

MARTHA.

Do not trust John Gloyd
With anything you would not have repeated.

COREY.

As I came through the woods this afternoon,
Impatient at my loss, and much perplexed
With all that I had heard there in the village,
The yellow leaves lit up the trees about me,
Like an enchanted palace, and I wished
I knew enough of magic or of Witchcraft
To change them into gold. Then suddenly
A tree shook down some crimson leaves upon me,
Like drops of blood, and in the path before me
Stood Tituba the Indian, the old crone.

MARTHA.

Were you not frightened?

COREY.

No, I do not think
I know the meaning of that word. Why frightened?
I am not one of those who think the Lord
Is waiting till he catches them some day
In the back yard alone! What should I fear?
She started from the bushes by the path,
And had a basket full of herbs and roots
For some witch-broth or other, — the old hag!

MARTHA.

She has been here to-day.

COREY.

With hand outstretched
She said : "Giles Corey, will you sign the Book?"
"Avaunt!" I cried : "Get thee behind me, Satan!"
At which she laughed and left me. But a voice
Was whispering in my ear continually :
"Self-murder is no crime. The life of man
Is his, to keep it or to throw away!"

MARTHA.

'T was a temptation of the Evil One!
Giles, Giles! why will you harbor these dark
thoughts?

COREY (*rising*).

I am too tired to talk. I'll go to bed.

MARTHA.

First tell me something about Bridget Bishop.
How did she look? You saw her? You were there?

COREY.

I'll tell you that to-morrow, not to-night.
I'll go to bed.

MARTHA.

First let us pray together.

COREY.

I cannot pray to-night.

MARTHA.

Say the Lord's Prayer,
And that will comfort you.

COREY.

I cannot say,
"As we forgive those that have sinned against us,"
When I do not forgive them.

MARTHA (*kneeling on the hearth*).

God forgive you !

COREY.

I will not make believe ! I say, to-night
There 's something thwarts me when I wish to pray,
And thrusts into my mind, instead of prayers,
Hate and revenge, and things that are not prayers.
Something of my old self, — my old, bad life, —
And the old Adam in me, rises up,
And will not let me pray. I am afraid
The Devil hinders me. You know I say
Just what I think, and nothing more nor less,
And, when I pray, my heart is in my prayer.
I cannot say one thing and mean another.
If I can't pray, I will not make believe !

[Exit COREY. MARTHA continues kneeling.]

END OF ACT II.

ACT III.

SCENE I. GILES COREY'S *kitchen. Morning.* COREY
and MARTHA *sitting at the breakfast-table.*

COREY (*rising*).

Well, now I've told you all I saw and heard
Of Bridget Bishop ; and I must be gone.

MARTHA.

Don't go into the village, Giles, to day.
Last night you came back tired and out of humor.

COREY.

Say, angry ; say, right angry. I was never
In a more devilish temper in my life.
All things went wrong with me.

MARTHA.

You were much vexed ;
So don't go to the village.

COREY (*going*).

No, I won't.
I won't go near it. We are going to mow
The Ipswich meadows for the aftermath,
The crop of sedge and rowens.

MARTHA.

Stay a moment.

I want to tell you what I dreamed last night.
Do you believe in dreams?

COREY.

Why, yes and no.
When they come true, then I believe in them ;
When they come false, I don't believe in them.
But let me hear. What did you dream about?

MARTHA.

I dreamed that you and I were both in prison ;
That we had fetters on our hands and feet ;
That we were taken before the Magistrates,
And tried for Witchcraft, and condemned to death !
I wished to pray ; they would not let me pray ;
You tried to comfort me, and they forbade it.
But the most dreadful thing in all my dream
Was that they made you testify against me !
And then there came a kind of mist between us ;
I could not see you ; and I woke in terror.
I never was more thankful in my life
Than when I found you sleeping at my side !

COREY (*with tenderness*).

It was our talk last night that made you dream.
I'm sorry for it. I'll control myself
Another time, and keep my temper down !
I do not like such dreams. — Remember, Martha,
I'm going to mow the Ipswich River meadows ;
If Gardner comes, you'll tell him where to find me.

[*Exit.*]

MARTHA.

So this delusion grows from bad to worse.
First, a forsaken and forlorn old woman,
Ragged and wretched, and without a friend ;
Then something higher. Now it's Bridget Bishop ;
God only knows whose turn it will be next !
The Magistrates are blind, the people mad !
If they would only seize the Afflicted Children,
And put them in the Workhouse, where they should
be,
There'd be an end of all this wickedness.

[*Exit.*

SCENE II. *A street in Salem Village. Enter MATHER and HATHORNE.*

MATHER.

Yet one thing troubles me.

HATHORNE.

And what is that ?

MATHER.

May not the Devil take the outward shape
Of innocent persons ? Are we not in danger,
Perhaps, of punishing some who are not guilty ?

HATHORNE.

As I have said, we do not trust alone
To spectral evidence.

MATHER.

And then again,
If any shall be put to death for Witchcraft,
We do but kill the body, not the soul.
The Unclean Spirits that possessed them once
Live still, to enter into other bodies.
What have we gained? Surely, there 's nothing
gained.

HATHORNE.

Doth not the Scripture say, "Thou shalt not suffer
A Witch to live"?

MATHER.

The Scripture sayeth it,
But speaketh to the Jews ; and we are Christians.
What say the laws of England?

HATHORNE.

They make Witchcraft
Felony without the benefit of Clergy.
Witches are burned in England. You have read —
For you read all things, not a book escapes you —
The famous Demonology of King James?

MATHER.

A curious volume. I remember also
The plot of the Two Hundred, with one Fian,
The Registrar of the Devil, at their head,
To drown his Majesty on his return
From Denmark ; how they sailed in sieves or riddles
Unto North Berwick Kirk in Lothian,

And, landing there, danced hand in hand, and sang,
“ Goodwife, go ye before ! goodwife, go ye !
If ye ’ll not go before, goodwife, let me ! ”
While Geilis Duncan played the Witches’ Reel
Upon a jews-harp.

HATHORNE.

Then you know full well
The English law, and that in England Witches,
When lawfully convicted and attainted,
Are put to death.

MATHER.

When lawfully convicted ;
That is the point.

HATHORNE.

You heard the evidence
Produced before us yesterday at the trial
Of Bridget Bishop.

MATHER.

One of the Afflicted,
I know, bore witness to the apparition
Of ghosts unto the spectre of this Bishop,
Saying, “ You murdered us ! ” of the truth whereof
There was in matter of fact too much suspicion.

HATHORNE.

And when she cast her eyes on the Afflicted,
They were struck down ; and this in such a manner
There could be no collusion in the business.
And when the accused but laid her hand upon them,

As they lay in their swoons, they straight revived,
Although they stirred not when the others touched
them.

MATHER.

What most convinced me of the woman's guilt
Was finding hidden in her cellar wall
Those poppets made of rags, with headless pins
Stuck into them point outwards, and whereof
She could not give a reasonable account.

HATHORNE.

When you shall read the testimony given
Before the Court in all the other cases,
I am persuaded you will find the proof
No less conclusive than it was in this.
Come, then, with me, and I will tax your patience
With reading of the documents so far
As may convince you that these sorcerers
Are lawfully convicted and attainted.
Like doubting Thomas, you shall lay your hand
Upon these wounds, and you will doubt no more.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A room in COREY'S house.* MARTHA and
two Deacons of the church.

MARTHA.

Be seated. I am glad to see you here.
I know what you are come for. You are come

To question me, and learn from my own lips
If I have any dealings with the Devil ;
In short, if I'm a Witch.

DEACON (*sitting down*).

Such is our purpose.
How could you know beforehand why we came ?

MARTHA.

'T was only a surmise.

DEACON.

We came to ask you,
You being with us in church covenant,
What part you have, if any, in these matters.

MARTHA.

And I make answer, No part whatsoever.
I am a farmer's wife, a working woman ;
You see my spinning-wheel, you see my loom,
You know the duties of a farmer's wife,
And are not ignorant that my life among you
Has been without reproach until this day.
Is it not true ?

DEACON.

So much we're bound to own ;
And say it frankly, and without reserve.

MARTHA.

I've heard the idle tales that are abroad ;
I've heard it whispered that I am a Witch ;
I cannot help it. I do not believe
In any Witchcraft. It is a delusion.

DEACON.

How can you say that it is a delusion,
When all our learned and good men believe it? —
Our Ministers and worshipful Magistrates?

MARTHA.

Their eyes are blinded, and see not the truth.
Perhaps one day they will be open to it.

DEACON.

You answer boldly. The Afflicted Children
Say you appeared to them.

MARTHA.

And did they say
What clothes I came in?

DEACON.

No, they could not tell.
They said that you foresaw our visit here,
And blinded them, so that they could not see
The clothes you wore.

MARTHA.

The cunning, crafty girls!
I say to you, in all sincerity,
I never have appeared to any one
In my own person. If the Devil takes
My shape to hurt these children, or afflict them,
I am not guilty of it. And I say
It's all a mere delusion of the senses.

DEACON.

I greatly fear that you will find too late
It is not so.

MARTHA (*rising*).

They do accuse me falsely.
It is delusion, or it is deceit.
There is a story in the ancient Scriptures
Which much I wonder comes not to your minds.
Let me repeat it to you.

DEACON.

We will hear it.

MARTHA.

It came to pass that Naboth had a vineyard
Hard by the palace of the King called Ahab.
And Ahab, King of Israel, spake to Naboth,
And said to him, Give unto me thy vineyard,
That I may have it for a garden of herbs,
And I will give a better vineyard for it,
Or, if it seemeth good to thee, its worth
In money. And then Naboth said to Ahab,
The Lord forbid it me that I should give
The inheritance of my fathers unto thee.
And Ahab came into his house displeased
And heavy at the words which Naboth spake,
And laid him down upon his bed, and turned
His face away; and he would eat no bread.
And Jezebel, the wife of Ahab, came
And said to him, Why is thy spirit sad?

And he said unto her, Because I spake
To Naboth, to the Jezreelite, and said,
Give me thy vineyard ; and he answered, saying,
I will not give my vineyard unto thee.
And Jezebel, the wife of Ahab, said,
Dost thou not rule the realm of Israel ?
Arise, eat bread, and let thy heart be merry ;
I will give Naboth's vineyard unto thee.
So she wrote letters in King Ahab's name,
And sealed them with his seal, and sent the letters
Unto the elders that were in his city
Dwelling with Naboth, and unto the nobles ;
And in the letters wrote, Proclaim a fast ;
And set this Naboth high among the people,
And set two men, the sons of Belial,
Before him, to bear witness and to say,
Thou didst blaspheme against God and the King ;
And carry him out and stone him, that he die !
And the elders and the nobles of the city
Did even as Jezebel, the wife of Ahab,
Had sent to them and written in the letters.
And then it came to pass, when Ahab heard
Naboth was dead, that Ahab rose to go
Down unto Naboth's vineyard, and to take
Possession of it. And the word of God
Came to Elijah, saying to him, Arise,
Go down to meet the King of Israel
In Naboth's vineyard, whither he hath gone
To take possession. Thou shalt speak to him,

Saying, Thus saith the Lord ! What ! hast thou
killed

And also taken possession ? In the place
Wherein the dogs have licked the blood of Naboth
Shall the dogs lick thy blood, — ay, even thine !

Both of the Deacons start from their seats.

And Ahab then, the King of Israel,
Said, Hast thou found me, O mine enemy ?
Elijah the Prophet answered, I have found thee !
So will it be with those who have stirred up
The Sons of Belial here to bear false witness
And swear away the lives of innocent people ;
Their enemy will find them out at last,
The Prophet's voice will thunder, I have found
thee !

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *Meadows on Ipswich River. COREY and his
men mowing ; COREY in advance.*

COREY.

Well done, my men. You see, I lead the field !
I 'm an old man, but I can swing a scythe
Better than most of you, though you be younger.

Hangs his scythe upon a tree.

GLOYD (*aside to the others*).

How strong he is! It's supernatural.
No man so old as he is has such strength.
The Devil helps him!

COREY (*wiping his forehead*).

Now we'll rest awhile,
And take our nooning. What's the matter with you?
You are not angry with me, — are you, Gloyd?
Come, come, we will not quarrel. Let's be friends.
It's an old story, that the Raven said,
"Read the Third of Colossians and fifteenth."

GLOYD.

You're handier at the scythe, but I can beat you
At wrestling.

COREY.

Well, perhaps so. I don't know.
I never wrestled with you. Why, you're vexed!
Come, come, don't bear a grudge.

GLOYD.

You are afraid.

COREY.

What should I be afraid of? All bear witness
The challenge comes from him. Now, then, my man.

They wrestle, and GLOYD is thrown.

ONE OF THE MEN.

That's a fair fall.

ANOTHER.

'T was nothing but a foil!

OTHERS.

You've hurt him !

COREY (*helping GLOYD rise*).

No ; this meadow-land is soft.
You're not hurt, — are you, Gloyd ?

GLOYD (*rising*)..

No, not much hurt !

COREY.

Well, then, shake hands ; and there's an end of it.
How do you like that Cornish hug, my lad ?
And now we'll see what's in our basket here.

GLOYD (*aside*).

The Devil and all his imps are in that man !
The clutch of his ten fingers burns like fire !

COREY (*reverentially taking off his hat*).

God bless the food he hath provided for us,
And make us thankful for it, for Christ's sake !

He lifts up a keg of cider, and drinks from it.

GLOYD.

Do you see that ? Don't tell me it's not Witchcraft.
Two of us could not lift that cask as he does !

COREY *puts down the keg, and opens a basket. A voice is heard calling.*

VOICE.

Ho ! Corey, Corey !

COREY.

What is that? I surely
Heard some one calling me by name!

VOICE.

Giles Corey!

Enter a boy, running, and out of breath.

BOY.

Is Master Corey here?

COREY.

Yes, here I am.

BOY.

O Master Corey!

COREY.

Well?

BOY.

Your wife — your wife —

COREY.

What's happened to my wife?

BOY.

She's sent to prison!

COREY.

The dream! the dream! O God, be merciful!

BOY.

She sent me here to tell you.

COREY (*putting on his jacket*).

Where 's my horse?

Don't stand there staring, fellows. Where 's my horse?

[*Exit COREY.*]

GLOYD.

Under the trees there. Run, old man, run, run!

You've got some one to wrestle with you now

Who'll trip your heels up, with your Cornish hug.

If there's a Devil, he has got you now.

Ah, there he goes! His horse is snorting fire!

ONE OF THE MEN.

John Gloyd, don't talk so! 'It's a shame to talk so!

He's a good master, though you quarrel with him.

GLOYD.

If hard work and low wages make good masters,

Then he is one. But I think otherwise.

Come, let us have our dinner and be merry,

And talk about the old man and the Witches.

I know some stories that will make you laugh.

They sit down on the grass, and eat.

Now there are Goody Cloyse and Goody Good,

Who have not got a decent tooth between them,

And yet these children — the Afflicted Children —

Say that they bite them, and show marks of teeth

Upon their arms!

ONE OF THE MEN.

That makes the wonder greater.
That's Witchcraft. Why, if they had teeth like
yours,
'T would be no wonder if the girls were bitten!

GLOYD.

And then those ghosts that come out of their graves
And cry, "You murdered us! you murdered us!"

ONE OF THE MEN.

And all those Apparitions that stick pins
Into the flesh of the Afflicted Children!

GLOYD.

O those Afflicted Children! They know well
Where the pins come from. I can tell you that.
And there's old Corey, he has got a horseshoe
Nailed on his doorstep to keep off the Witches,
And all the same his wife has gone to prison.

ONE OF THE MEN.

O, she's no Witch. I'll swear that Goodwife Corey
Never did harm to any living creature.
She's a good woman, if there ever was one.

GLOYD.

Well, we shall see. As for that Bridget Bishop,
She has been tried before; some years ago
A negro testified he saw her shape
Sitting upon the rafters in a barn,

And holding in its hand an egg ; and while
He went to fetch his pitchfork, she had vanished.
And now be quiet, will you? I am tired,
And want to sleep here on the grass a little.

They stretch themselves on the grass.

ONE OF THE MEN.

There may be Witches riding through the air
Over our heads on broomsticks at this moment,
Bound for some Satan's Sabbath in the woods
To be baptized.

GLOYD.

I wish they 'd take you with them,
And hold you under water, head and ears,
Till you were drowned ; and that would stop your
talking,
If nothing else will. Let me sleep, I say.

END OF ACT III.

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *The Green in front of the village Meeting-house.**An excited crowd gathering. Enter JOHN GLOYD.*

A FARMER.

Who will be tried to-day?

A SECOND.

I do not know.

Here is John Gloyd. Ask him ; he knows.

FARMER.

John Gloyd,

Whose turn is it to-day?

GLOYD.

It's Goodwife Corey's.

FARMER.

Giles Corey's wife?

GLOYD.

The same. She is not mine.

It will go hard with her with all her praying.

The hypocrite ! She's always on her knees ;

But she prays to the Devil when she prays.

Let us go in.

A trumpet blows.

FARMER.

Here come the Magistrates.

SECOND FARMER.

Who's the tall man in front?

GLOYD.

O, that is Hathorne,
A Justice of the Court, and Quartermaster
In the Three County Troop. He'll sift the matter.
That's Corwin with him; and the man in black
Is Cotton Mather, Minister of Boston.

*Enter HATHORNE and other Magistrates on horseback, followed
by the Sheriff, constables, and attendants on foot. The
Magistrates dismount, and enter the Meeting-house, with
the rest.*

FARMER.

The Meeting-house is full. I never saw
So great a crowd before.

GLOYD.

No matter. Come.
We shall find room enough by elbowing
Our way among them. Put your shoulder to it.

FARMER.

There were not half so many at the trial
Of Goodwife Bishop.

GLOYD.

Keep close after me.
I'll find a place for you. They'll want me there.
I am a friend of Corey's, as you know,
And he can't do without me just at present.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Interior of the Meeting-house. MATHER and the Magistrates seated in front of the pulpit. Before them a raised platform. MARTHA in chains. COREY near her. MARY WALCOT in a chair. A crowd of spectators, among them GLOYD. Confusion and murmurs during the scene.*

HATHORNE.

Call Martha Corey.

MARTHA.

I am here.

HATHORNE.

Come forward.

She ascends the platform.

The Jurors of our Sovereign Lord and Lady
The King and Queen, here present, do accuse you
Of having on the tenth of June last past,
And divers other times before and after,
Wickedly used and practised certain arts
Called Witchcrafts, Sorceries, and Incantations,
Against one Mary Walcot, single woman,
Of Salem Village ; by which wicked arts
The aforesaid Mary Walcot was tormented,
Tortured, afflicted, pined, consumed, and wasted,
Against the peace of our Sovereign Lord and Lady
The King and Queen, as well as of the Statute
Made and provided in that case. What say you?

MARTHA.

Before I answer, give me leave to pray.

HATHORNE.

We have not sent for you, nor are we here,
To hear you pray, but to examine you
In whatsoever is alleged against you.
Why do you hurt this person?

MARTHA.

I do not.

I am not guilty of the charge against me.

MARY.

Avoid, she-devil! You torment me now!
Avoid, avoid, Witch!

MARTHA.

I am innocent.

I never had to do with any Witchcraft
Since I was born. I am a gospel woman.

MARY.

You are a gospel Witch!

MARTHA (*clasping her hands*):

Ah me! ah me!

O, give me leave to pray!

MARY (*stretching out her hands*).

She hurts me now.

See, she has pinched my hands!

HATHORNE.

Who made these marks
Upon her hands?

MARTHA.

I do not know. I stand
Apart from her. I did not touch her hands.

HATHORNE.

Who hurt her then?

MARTHA.

I know not.

HATHORNE.

She is bewitched?

Do you think

MARTHA.

Indeed I do not think so.
I am no Witch, and have no faith in Witches.

HATHORNE.

Then answer me : When certain persons came
To see you yesterday, how did you know
Beforehand why they came ?

MARTHA.

I had had speech,
The children said I hurt them, and I thought
These people came to question me about it.

HATHORNE.

How did you know the children had been told
To note the clothes you wore ?

MARTHA.

My husband told me
What others said about it.

HATHORNE.

Goodman Corey,
Say, did you tell her?

COREY.

I must speak the truth ;
I did not tell her. It was some one else.

HATHORNE.

Did you not say your husband told you so?
How dare you tell a lie in this assembly?
Who told you of the clothes? Confess the truth.

MARTHA *bites her lips, and is silent.*

You bite your lips, but do not answer me!

MARY.

Ah, she is biting me! Avoid, avoid!

HATHORNE.

You said your husband told you.

MARTHA.

Yes, he told me
The children said I troubled them.

HATHORNE.

Then tell me,
Why do you trouble them?

MARTHA.

I have denied it.

MARY.

She threatened me; stabbed at me with her spindle;
And, when my brother thrust her with his sword,

He tore her gown, and cut a piece away.
Here are they both, the spindle and the cloth.

Shows them.

HATHORNE.

And there are persons here who know the truth
Of what has now been said. What answer make you?

MARTHA.

I make no answer. Give me leave to pray.

HATHORNE.

Whom would you pray to?

MARTHA.

To my God and Father.

HATHORNE.

Who is your God and Father?

MARTHA.

The Almighty!

HATHORNE.

Doth he you pray to say that he is God?
It is the Prince of Darkness, and not God.

MARY.

There is a dark shape whispering in her ear.

HATHORNE.

What does he say to you?

MARTHA.

I see no shape.

HATHORNE.

Did you not hear it whisper ?

MARTHA.

I heard nothing.

MARY.

What torture ! Ah, what agony I suffer !

Falls into a swoon.

HATHORNE.

You see this woman cannot stand before you.
If you would look for mercy, you must look
In God's way, by confession of your guilt.
Why does your spectre haunt and hurt this person ?

MARTHA.

I do not know. He who appeared of old
In Samuel's shape, a saint and glorified,
May come in whatsoever shape he chooses.
I cannot help it. I am sick at heart !

COREY.

O Martha, Martha ! let me hold your hand.

HATHORNE.

No ; stand aside, old man.

MARY (*starting up*).

Look there ! Look there !

I see a little bird, a yellow bird,
Perched on her finger ; and it pecks at me.
Ah, it will tear mine eyes out !

MARTHA.

I see nothing.

HATHORNE.

'T is the Familiar Spirit that attends her.

MARY.

Now it has flown away. It sits up there
Upon the rafters. It is gone ; is vanished.

MARTHA.

Giles, wipe these tears of anger from mine eyes.
Wipe the sweat from my forehead. I am faint.

She leans against the railing.

MARY.

O, she is crushing me with all her weight !

HATHORNE.

Did you not carry once the Devil's Book
To this young woman ?

MARTHA.

Never.

HATHORNE.

Have you signed it,
Or touched it ?

MARTHA.

No ; I never saw it.

HATHORNE.

Did you not scourge her with an iron rod ?

MARTHA.

No, I did not. If any Evil Spirit

Has taken my shape to do these evil deeds,
I cannot help it. I am innocent.

HATHORNE.

Did you not say the Magistrates were blind?
That you would open their eyes?

MARTHA (*with a scornful laugh*).

Yes, I said that ;
If you call me a sorceress, you are blind !
If you accuse the innocent, you are blind !
Can the innocent be guilty ?

HATHORNE.

Did you not
On one occasion hide your husband's saddle
To hinder him from coming to the Sessions ?

MARTHA.

I thought it was a folly in a farmer
To waste his time pursuing such illusions.

HATHORNE.

What was the bird that this young woman saw
Just now upon your hand ?

MARTHA.

I know no bird.

HATHORNE.

Have you not dealt with a Familiar Spirit?

MARTHA.

No, never, never !

HATHORNE.

What then was the Book
You showed to this young woman, and besought her
To write in it?

MARTHA.

Where should I have a book?
I showed her none, nor have none.

MARY.

The next Sabbath
Is the Communion-Day, but Martha Corey
Will not be there!

MARTHA.

Ah, you are all against me.
What can I do or say?

HATHORNE.

You can confess.

MARTHA.

No, I cannot, for I am innocent.

HATHORNE.

We have the proof of many witnesses
That you are guilty.

MARTHA.

Give me leave to speak.

Will you condemn me on such evidence, —
You who have known me for so many years?
Will you condemn me in this house of God,
Where I so long have worshipped with you all?

Where I have eaten the bread and drunk the wine
So many times at our Lord's Table with you ?
Bear witness, you that hear me ; you all know
That I have led a blameless life among you,
That never any whisper of suspicion
Was breathed against me till this accusation.
And shall this count for nothing ? Will you take
My life away from me, because this girl,
Who is distraught, and not in her right mind,
Accuses me of things I blush to name ?

HATHORNE.

What ! is it not enough ? Would you hear more ?
Giles Corey !

COREY.

I am here.

HATHORNE.

Come forward, then.

COREY ascends the platform.

Is it not true, that on a certain night
You were impeded strangely in your prayers ?
That something hindered you ? and that you left
This woman here, your wife, kneeling alone
Upon the hearth ?

COREY.

Yes ; I cannot deny it.

HATHORNE.

Did you not say the Devil hindered you ?

COREY.

I think I said some words to that effect.

HATHORNE.

Is it not true, that fourteen head of cattle,
To you belonging, broke from their enclosure
And leaped into the river, and were drowned?

COREY.

It is most true.

HATHORNE.

And did you not then say
That they were overlooked?

COREY.

So much I said.

I see ; they're drawing round me closer, closer,
A net I cannot break, cannot escape from ! (*Aside.*)

HATHORNE.

Who did these things?

COREY.

I do not know who did them.

HATHORNE.

Then I will tell you. It is some one near you ;
You see her now ; this woman, your own wife.

COREY.

I call the heavens to witness, it is false !
She never harmed me, never hindered me
In anything but what I should not do.
And I bear witness in the sight of heaven,
And in God's house here, that I never knew her

As otherwise than patient, brave, and true,
Faithful, forgiving, full of charity,
A virtuous and industrious and good wife !

HATHORNE.

Tut, tut, man ; do not rant so in your speech ;
You are a witness, not an advocate !
Here, Sheriff, take this woman back to prison.

MARTHA.

O Giles, this day you 've sworn away my life !

MARY.

Go, go and join the Witches at the door.
Do you not hear the drum ? Do you not see them ?
Go quick. They 're waiting for you. You are late.

[Exit MARTHA ; COREY following.]

COREY.

The dream ! the dream ! the dream !

HATHORNE.

What does he say ?

Giles Corey, go not hence. You are yourself
Accused of Witchcraft and of Sorcery
By many witnesses. Say, are you guilty ?

COREY.

I know my death is foreordained by you, —
Mine and my wife's. Therefore I will not answer.

During the rest of the scene he remains silent.

HATHORNE.

Do you refuse to plead? — 'T were better for you
To make confession, or to plead Not Guilty. —
Do you not hear me? — Answer, are you guilty?
Do you not know a heavier doom awaits you,
If you refuse to plead, than if found guilty?
Where is John Gloyd?

GLOYD (*coming forward*).

Here am I.

HATHORNE.

Tell the Court;

Have you not seen the supernatural power
Of this old man? Have you not seen him do
Strange feats of strength?

GLOYD.

I've seen him lead the field,
On a hot day, in mowing, and against
Us younger men; and I have wrestled with him.
He threw me like a feather. I have seen him
Lift up a barrel with his single hands,
Which two strong men could hardly lift together,
And, holding it above his head, drink from it.

HATHORNE.

That is enough; we need not question further.
What answer do you make to this, Giles Corey?

MARY.

See there! See there!

HATHORNE.

What is it? I see nothing.

MARY.

Look! Look! It is the ghost of Robert Goodell,
Whom fifteen years ago this man did murder
By stamping on his body! In his shroud
He comes here to bear witness to the crime!

The crowd shrinks back from COREY in horror.

HATHORNE.

Ghosts of the dead and voices of the living
Bear witness to your guilt, and you must die!
It might have been an easier death. Your doom
Will be on your own head, and not on ours.
Twice more will you be questioned of these things;
Twice more have room to plead or to confess.
If you are contumacious to the Court,
And if, when questioned, you refuse to answer,
Then by the Statute you will be condemned
To the *peine forte et dure*! To have your body
Pressed by great weights until you shall be dead!
And may the Lord have mercy on your soul!

END OF ACT IV.

ACT V.

SCENE I. COREY'S farm as in Act II. Scene 1. *Enter*
RICHARD GARDNER, *looking round him.*

GARDNER.

Here stands the house as I remember it,
The four tall poplar-trees before the door ;
The house, the barn, the orchard, and the well,
With its moss-covered bucket and its trough ;
The garden, with its hedge of currant-bushes ;
The woods, the harvest-fields ; and, far beyond,
The pleasant landscape stretching to the sea.
But everything is silent and deserted !
No bleat of flocks, no bellowing of herds,
No sound of flails, that should be beating now ;
Nor man nor beast astir. What can this mean ?

Knocks at the door.

What ho ! Giles Corey ! Hillo-ho ! Giles Corey ! —
No answer but the echo from the barn,
And the ill-omened cawing of the crow,
That yonder wings his flight across the fields,
As if he scented carrion in the air.

Enter TITUBA *with a basket.*

What woman 's this, that, like an apparition,
Haunts this deserted homestead in broad day ?
Woman, who are you ?

TITUBA.

I am Tituba.

I am John Indian's wife. I am a Witch.

GARDNER.

What are you doing here ?

TITUBA.

I 'm gathering herbs, —
Cinquefoil, and saxifrage, and pennyroyal.

GARDNER (*looking at the herbs*).

This is not cinquefoil, it is deadly nightshade !
This is not saxifrage, but hellebore !
This is not pennyroyal, it is henbane !
Do you come here to poison these good people ?

TITUBA.

I get these for the Doctor in the Village.
Beware of Tituba. I pinch the children ;
Make little poppets and stick pins in them,
And then the children cry out they are pricked.
The Black Dog came to me, and said, "Serve me !"
I was afraid. He made me hurt the children.

GARDNER.

Poor soul ! She 's crazed, with all these Devil's
doings.

TITUBA.

Will you, sir, sign the Book ?

GARDNER.

No, I 'll not sign it.
Where is Giles Corey ? Do you know Giles Corey ?

TITUBA.

He's safe enough. He's down there in the prison.

GARDNER.

Corey in prison? What is he accused of?

TITUBA.

Giles Corey and Martha Corey are in prison
Down there in Salem Village. Both are Witches.
She came to me and whispered, "Kill the chil-
dren!"

Both signed the Book!

GARDNER.

Begone, you imp of darkness!

You Devil's dam!

TITUBA.

Beware of Tituba!

[Exit.]

GARDNER.

How often out at sea on stormy nights,
When the waves thundered round me, and the wind
Bellowed, and beat the canvas, and my ship
Clove through the solid darkness, like a wedge,
I've thought of him, upon his pleasant farm,
Living in quiet with his thrifty housewife,
And envied him, and wished his fate were mine!
And now I find him shipwrecked utterly,
Drifting upon this sea of sorceries,
And lost, perhaps, beyond all aid of man!

[Exit.]

SCENE II. *The prison. GILES COREY at a table on which
are some papers.*

COREY.

Now I have done with earth and all its cares ;
I give my worldly goods to my dear children ;
My body I bequeath to my tormentors,
And my immortal soul to Him who made it.
O God ! who in thy wisdom dost afflict me
With an affliction greater than most men
Have ever yet endured or shall endure,
Suffer me not in this last bitter hour
For any pains of death to fall from thee !

MARTHA is heard singing.

Arise, O righteous Lord !
And disappoint my foes ;
They are but thine avenging sword,
Whose wounds are swift to close.

COREY.

Hark, hark ! it is her voice ! She is not dead !
She lives ! I am not utterly forsaken !

MARTHA, singing.

By thine abounding grace,
And mercies multiplied,
I shall awake, and see thy face ;
I shall be satisfied.

COREY *hides his face in his hands.* Enter the JAILER, fol-
lowed by RICHARD GARDNER.

JAILER.

Here 's a seafaring man, one Richard Gardner,
A friend of yours, who asks to speak with you.

COREY rises. *They embrace.*

COREY.

I 'm glad to see you, ay, right glad to see you.

GARDNER.

And I most sorely grieved to see you thus.

COREY.

Of all the friends I had in happier days,
You are the first, ay, and the only one,
That comes to seek me out in my disgrace !
And you but come in time to say farewell.
They 've dug my grave already in the field.
I thank you. There is something in your presence,
I know not what it is, that gives me strength.
Perhaps it is the bearing of a man
Familiar with all dangers of the deep,
Familiar with the cries of drowning men,
With fire, and wreck, and foundering ships at sea !

GARDNER.

Ah, I have never known a wreck like yours !
Would I could save you !

COREY.

Do not speak of that.
It is too late. I am resolved to die.

GARDNER.

Why would you die who have so much to live
for? —

Your daughters, and —

COREY.

You cannot say the word.
My daughters have gone from me. They are married ;
They have their homes, their thoughts, apart from
me ;
I will not say their hearts, — that were too cruel.
What would you have me do ?

GARDNER.

Confess and live.

COREY.

That's what they said who came here yesterday
To lay a heavy weight upon my conscience
By telling me that I was driven forth
As an unworthy member of their church.

GARDNER.

It is an awful death.

COREY.

'T is but to drown,
And have the weight of all the seas upon you.

GARDNER.

Say something ; say enough to fend off death
Till this tornado of fanaticism
Blows itself out. Let me come in between you

And your severer self, with my plain sense ;
Do not be obstinate.

COREY.

I will not plead.

If I deny, I am condemned already,
In courts where ghosts appear as witnesses,
And swear men's lives away. If I confess,
Then I confess a lie, to buy a life
Which is not life, but only death in life.
I will not bear false witness against any,
Not even against myself, whom I count least.

GARDNER (*aside*).

Ah, what a noble character is this !

COREY.

I pray you, do not urge me to do that
You would not do yourself. I have already
The bitter taste of death upon my lips ;
I feel the pressure of the heavy weight
That will crush out my life within this hour ;
But if a word could save me, and that word
Were not the Truth ; nay, if it did but swerve
A hair's-breadth from the Truth, I would not say it !

GARDNER (*aside*).

How mean I seem beside a man like this !

COREY.

As for my wife, my Martha and my Martyr, —
Whose virtues, like the stars, unseen by day,
Though numberless, do but await the dark

To manifest themselves unto all eyes, —
She who first won me from my evil ways,
And taught me how to live by her example,
By her example teaches me to die,
And leads me onward to the better life !

SHERIFF (*without*).

Giles Corey ! Come ! The hour has struck !

COREY.

I come !

Here is my body ; ye may torture it,
But the immortal soul ye cannot crush !

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A street in the Village. Enter GLOYD and others.*

GLOYD.

Quick, or we shall be late !

A MAN.

That's not the way.

Come here ; come up this lane.

GLOYD.

I wonder now

If the old man will die, and will not speak ?
He's obstinate enough and tough enough
For anything on earth.

A bell tolls.

Hark ! What is that ?

A MAN.

The passing bell. He's dead !

GLOYD.

We are too late.

[Exeunt in haste.]

SCENE IV. *A field near the graveyard. GILES COREY lying dead, with a great stone on his breast. The Sheriff at his head, RICHARD GARDNER at his feet. A crowd behind. The bell tolling. Enter HATHORNE and MATHER.*

HATHORNE.

This is the Potter's Field. Behold the fate
Of those who deal in Witchcrafts, and, when ques-
tioned,
Refuse to plead their guilt or innocence,
And stubbornly drag death upon themselves.

MATHER.

O sight most horrible ! In a land like this,
Spangled with Churches Evangelical,
Inwrapped in our salvations, must we seek
In mouldering statute-books of English Courts

Some old forgotten Law, to do such deeds?
Those who lie buried in the Potter's Field
Will rise again, as surely as ourselves
That sleep in honored graves with epitaphs;
And this poor man, whom we have made a victim,
Hereafter will be counted as a martyr!

FINALE

ST. JOHN

FINALE

ST. JOHN

FINALE

SAINT JOHN *wandering over the face of the Earth.*

ST. JOHN.

THE Ages come and go,
The Centuries pass as Years ;
My hair is white as the snow,
My feet are weary and slow,
The earth is wet with my tears !
The kingdoms crumble, and fall
Apart, like a ruined wall,
Or a bank that is undermined
By a river's ceaseless flow,
And leave no trace behind !
The world itself is old ;
The portals of Time unfold
On hinges of iron, that grate
And groan with the rust and the weight,
Like the hinges of a gate
That hath fallen to decay ;
But the evil doth not cease ;
There is war instead of peace,
Instead of love there is hate ;

And still I must wander and wait,
Still I must watch and pray,
Not forgetting in whose sight,
A thousand years in their flight
Are as a single day.

The life of man is a gleam
Of light, that comes and goes
Like the course of the Holy Stream,
The cityless river, that flows
From fountains no one knows,
Through the Lake of Galilee,
Through forests and level lands,
Over rocks, and shallows, and sands
Of a wilderness wild and vast,
Till it findeth its rest at last
In the desolate Dead Sea !
But alas ! alas for me,
Not yet this rest shall be !

What, then ! doth Charity fail ?
Is Faith of no avail ?
Is Hope blown out like a light
By a gust of wind in the night ?
The clashing of creeds, and the strife
Of the many beliefs, that in vain
Perplex man's heart and brain,
Are naught but the rustle of leaves,
When the breath of God upheaves

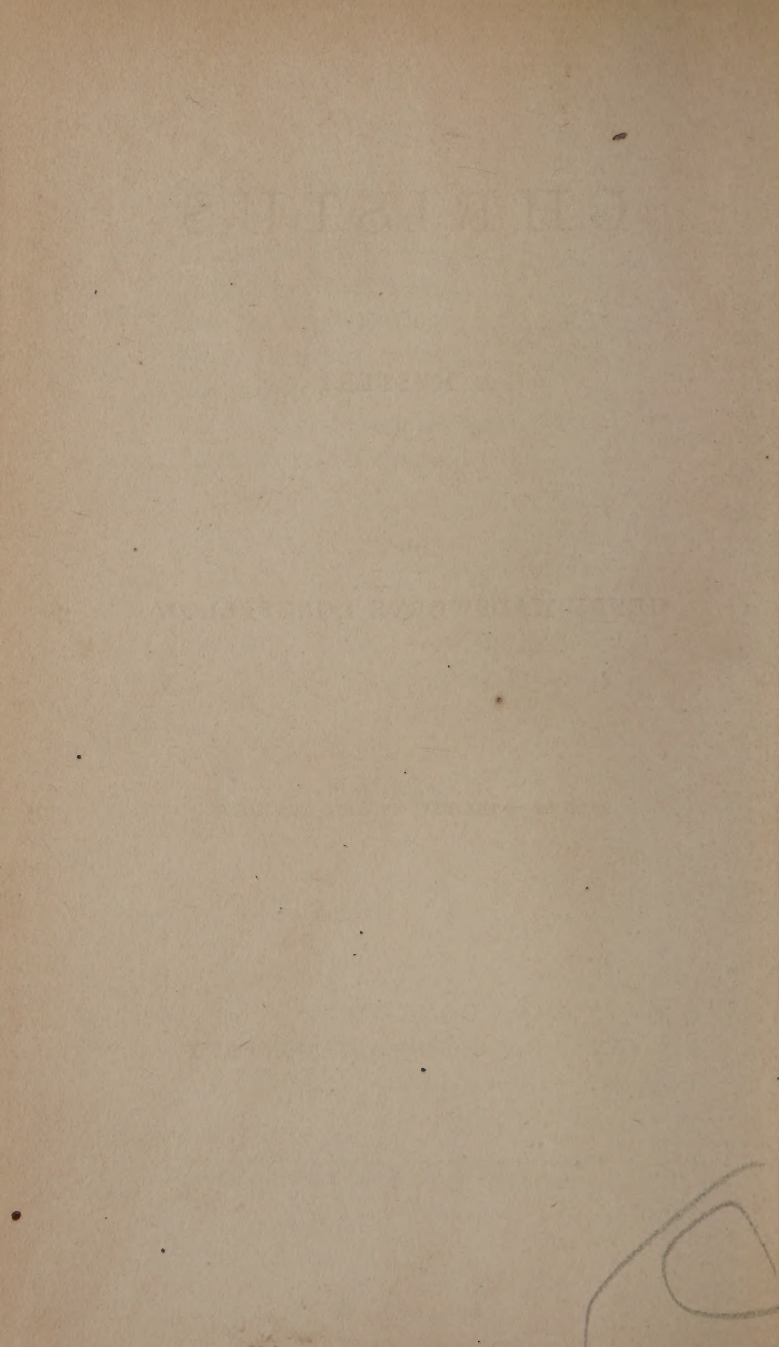
The boughs of the Tree of Life,
And they subside again !
And I remember still
The words, and from whom they came,
Not he that repeateth the name,
But he that doeth the will !

And Him evermore I behold
Walking in Galilee,
Through the cornfield's waving gold,
In hamlet, in wood, and in wold,
By the shores of the Beautiful Sea.
He toucheth the sightless eyes ;
Before him the demons flee ;
To the dead he sayeth : Arise !
To the living : Follow me !
And that voice still soundeth on
From the centuries that are gone,
To the centuries that shall be !

From all vain pomps and shows,
From the pride that overflows,
And the false conceits of men ;
From all the narrow rules
And subtleties of Schools,
And the craft of tongue and pen ;
Bewildered in its search,
Bewildered with the cry :
Lo, here ! lo, there, the Church !

Poor, sad Humanity
Through all the dust and heat
Turns back with bleeding feet,
By the weary road it came,
Unto the simple thought
By the Great Master taught,
And that remaineth still :
Not he that repeateth the name,
But he that doeth the will !

THE END.



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